

The Daily Republican.

VOL. XXIV. NO. 158.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS, MONDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1896.

10 CENTS PER WEEK

THE GENERALS.

Herbert's Battalion
of Meetings in
Kansas City

NEEDS ADDRESSES THE PATRIOTIC

Crowds Greet the
Part of the City—
for Leavenworth
O'clock P. M.

On Monday
at 10 o'clock
at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

at the
at the
at the

THE WEEK AT CANTON

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

Delegations Announced to Call on McKinley

CZAR AND CZARINA

Leave Portsmouth, England, Early
This Morning For
France

IMPOSING NAVAL DEMONSTRATIONS.

A Terrific Storm Intervenes to Mar the
Entrance to France—Decorations
art Soaked With Rain and
Many Blown Down

Portsmouth Eng. Oct 5.—The czar
and zarina passed the night on board the
Imperial yacht "Pole Star" and started for
Cherbourg at 7 this morning. As the
vessel passed out it was saluted by the
British squadron of thirty-two warships,
which formed a line on each side and at-
tended the czar and zarina when they
were met by the French squadron.

BAD LUCK

A Terrible Storm Destroys Elaborate Deco-
rations

Cherbourg France Oct 5.—The bad
luck which seems to be clinging to the
czar showed itself again today. Most
elaborate preparations were made to re-
ceive the Russian ruler. The way from
the landing stage to the Arsenal hall was
covered with silk hangings, shields and
banners, and flowers. The landing stage
was beautifully draped. Venetian
masks were erected at many points, burn-
ing floral and other decorations were dis-
played everywhere but when the work
was complete the weather became threat-
ening and a terrific squall swept over the
city, felling the Venetian masks and scat-
tering decorations in all directions. This
morning hundreds of men were set to
work to repair the damage and the ap-
paratus were made bright with fresh
decorations. The French squadron of
twenty-two vessels left the harbor at
6 o'clock with the gale blowing. Before
they reached the outer harbor they were
almost hidden from view by a heavy rain
storm which again damaged the deco-
rations on shore. The gale increased and a
heavy sea began to run, indicating that
the monster would have a rough voyage.
At noon the new signals showed
the Imperial yacht had entered the French
squadron and was proceeding to this port
under one sail.

MORRISON REFUSES TO AID BRYAN

Chicago Oct 5.—William R. Morrison
has notified the Bryan and Altgeld man-
agers in this state he will do nothing to
aid them in their election. Last spring
when Mr. Morrison bought his residence
in Chicago it was decided and so-
cietized by Governor Altgeld's agents.
Since the conventions, however, the
Democrats have been trying to dis-
credit Mr. Morrison's mind the collec-
tion of the rebuff and he has been urged
to make speeches for the party nominees.
This has been especially desired since the
gold Democrats named W. S. Looman for
governor. He lives down in Egypt where
Mr. Morrison is supposed to be master of
the political situation. Looman is a pro-
tege of Mr. Morrison, which augured ill
for Governor Altgeld.

THE MEMBERS OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE

committee are not willing, to concede that
Morrison has left them to their fate.

Chairman Hinckley said Saturday it
was possible Colonel Morrison's social dis-
tinction would prevent him from taking part
in the campaign but he was inclined to
think he would be heard from before the
end.

SPEECH OF EMPEROR FRANCIS

Buda Pest Oct 5.—In a speech from
the throne at the close of the Diet today
Emperor Francis Joseph as king of Hun-
gary, said "I assure you with satisfac-
tion we stand on the best most friendly
relations with all powers and this seems
to justify the hope of peace will continue
undisturbed."

OUT IN THE STATE

Attorney J. M. Clokey has a number
of state appointments to fill. He will ad-
dress meetings at Vienna Johnson coun-
ty Oct 8 Olney Oct 10, Camp Point,
Oct. 20, Bloomington, Oct. 23, and in
Chicago from Oct 26 to 31.

THE WEATHER

Chicago, Oct 5.—Illinois. Partly
cloudy this afternoon and tonight possi-
bly showers this afternoon cooler north
and center tonight fair Tuesday, south,
shifting to west winds.

PHILADELPHIA WINS CRICKET MATCH

Haverford Pa., Oct 5.—In the third
international cricket match between the
Australian and Philadelphia cricketers the
Philadelphians won by an inning and six
ty runs.

Nelson Harbert, living near Newman,
has three cherry trees in full bloom.

REPUBLICAN WOMEN MEET

A Profitable Gathering at Abbott's Hall
Saturday Afternoon. Committees
Appointed

The meeting of the Woman's Republi-
can club at Abbott's hall Saturday after-
noon was largely attended and considerable
interest was taken in the proceedings.

Mrs. J. H. Badenhausen called the club
to order and Miss May Murphy as sec-
retary read the minutes of the previous
meeting. Good reports were heard from
the wards. Mrs. F. J. Abel spoke of the
house to house canvases to be made in the
wards. It was also Mrs. Underwood's
report adding that all ladies whether
Democrats or Republicans be urged to
vote. Mrs. H. H. Wood offered an em-
phatic objection to Mrs. Underwood's propo-
sition. The club members should, she
said, work only to get the Republican women
to the polls. A vote of thanks was then
passed for Mrs. Abel's address de-
livered on Sept. 26. Mrs. G. D. Haworth
introduced the candidates for University
trustees for whom the ladies will vote.

Mrs. Alice Schellenger Hall read a care-
fully prepared paper on the money ques-
tion. She reviewed the whole question
and pointed in pointed way what would
happen to the commercial world in case
Bryan were elected. Business would be
disrupted as never before in the history of
the United States and universal distress
would follow. Mrs. Hall gave a mass of
statistics bearing on the money question.
She discussed the question very cleverly.
—Like a campaigner.

Miss May Murphy opened the question
in many queries were answered.

Mrs. Abel the county chairman took
the chair and addressed herself to points
affecting organization in the wards. The
third ward will be organized this week.
Mrs. Garvin spoke of the organization in
Pleasant View township.

The matter of decorating the interior
of the opera house and the tabernacle for
the Republican rally Oct 8 came up for
discussion. Mrs. Alice Hall Mrs. Al-
lison and Mrs. K. Hawwood were
appointed to act with the McKinley club
in decorating the hall. The club ladies
will wear yellow ribbons as McKinley
and I under badges Thursday and it is
planned to place little flags at every chair
in the hall.

The club will meet again tomorrow at
Abbott's hall.

ANTRIM DIDN'T COME DOWN

A Free Silver Shooter Who Won and in a
Betting Bout

Saturday evening A. H. Antrim a
money broker got in the middle of a
crowd at the corner of Pearl and Water
streets where the money question was
not discussed. He got into a business
right off and found plenty of takers for
his money. He was willing to put
up. He offered to bet \$10 that Bryan
would be elected and J. C. Lal's promp-
tly covered the money with coin furnished
by John Ward. Lal put his money in
D. C. Shookley's hands but Antrim ob-
jected because he claimed he didn't know
Mr. Shookley. He proposed playing the
money with S. S. Luck and it was done.
Lal said he would give him \$20 that
McKinley would be elected. Ward want-
ed to put the money up in Mr. Shookley's
hands but Antrim demurred. Then
Ward proposed J. W. Race and others
but Antrim said nay but he would put it
up with John Ulrich. Ward was willing
to do that but Mr. Antrim had had
enough. He drove off home without
showing his money. Mr. Ward stood
ready to put up \$50 or any other sum to
bet his faith on the election of McKinley,
but Mr. Antrim crumpled. Fifty dol-
lars was enough for him. It appears and
he got out of the crowd and away as best
he could.

Looking for Antrim

Mr. Antrim has been quoted as anxious
to bet \$1000 that Bryan will be elected.
Today a number of Republicans are look-
ing for Antrim anxious to cover all the
money he can put up. At last accounts
Mr. Antrim could not be found. He is
either too busy or is out of the city.

Great Rush for Bread

There was a great rush for the full
weight loaves of fresh bread at two loaves
for 5 cents or twelve for 25 cents at the
Decatur Cracker factory. Over 5000
loaves were sold Saturday and today 3000
loaves were quickly disposed of. Tonight
an extra force will be put at work to sup-
ply the rapidly increasing demand. An
extra supply of bread will be provided for
the rush tomorrow.

County Court

Joshua Green was appointed conserva-
tor for his son, Edward W. Green.

Hugh Moore was appointed guardian
for Robert Moore.

Judgments by confession were entered
against Katie Reinhart for \$772, and
against Martin Reinhart for \$970, both in
favor of Henry Reinhart.

W. B. Huffaker has made a bill of sale
of the grocery store at 1601 North
Morgan street to Reddell & Letts. The
consideration was \$450.

This is pension day.

PATRIOTIC TALK.

Given This Afternoon by Rev. D. I.
Howe at the Monthly Meet-
ing of the Woman's Club.

WASHINGTON'S LAST ADDRESS

Was the Subject of His Remarks. He
Speaks of it as the Greatest Ameri-
can Document. Members of the
Club Will Go to Springfield

The regular monthly meeting of the
Woman's club was held this afternoon
at the club house. There was a large at-
tendance of the members and routine
business was transacted. Several musical
numbers were rendered and an address
was made by Rev. D. I. Howe pastor of
the First Methodist church. He took for
his subject "America's Greatest Docu-
ment." By way of introduction Mr.
Howe said that each season of the year
was suggestive of some great American
event. The winter suggests the founding
of the Pilgrims spring devotion day
summer the Fourth of July autumn the
celebration of independence and the con-
stitution of the United States. In Sep-
tember Washington's farewell address was
made and Mr. Howe said that this was
the document of which he would speak,
and if possible to read it all higher than
it is now read. He spoke substantially as
follows: It should be read first be-
cause it is the work of one of the noble
patriots who gave forty five years of his
life to the service of the country. His pa-
triotism was unshaken by selfishness.
Secondly it should be read because of
its live character. No political production
of the present day no stump speech of
this campaign is more in touch with the
real needs of the country than this ad-
dress made just one hundred years ago.

Washington spoke of principle and
the never change. Rules change but
principles do not. In this address Wash-
ington spoke of the principles of the country
and their maintenance. He devoted the first
and greatest part of his address to the
principles of disunion. He depicted a na-
tion that arose the north and the south
and the east against the west. How
pertinent the warnings were may be seen
in the sectionalism of the north and
south which resulted in the late civil war
and the sectionalism which is still at
tempted today by the so-called state
rights men. Washington foresaw this and
warned against the building up of a western
empire in perfect accord with the east.
As a safeguard he advocated the consti-
tution of the federal power that at all
states there is a ruling power to which all
must submit. In this Washington was
not in line with certain so-called western
patriots who at this very hour are seeking
to break down to a large extent this fed-
eral authority over state affairs. Wash-
ington also warned against the perils of
party spirit making party an end and not
the means. He warned against all
foreign entanglements and also against
the idea of the perpetuity of the govern-
ment without religion. I cannot do bet-
ter than to close with his words on the
subject. "Of all the dispositions and
habits that lead to political prosperity
religion and morality are indispensable sup-
ports. In vain would that man attempt
the tribute of patriotism who should labor
to subvert these great pillars of human
happiness these firmest props of the
duties of men and citizens. Let us with
caution indulge the supposition that mor-
ality can be maintained without religion."

At the close of the meeting the ladies
served refreshments to the guests. The
members of the club held a meeting
when a number of new names were pro-
posed for membership.

The following members of the Decatur
Woman's club will attend the second an-
nual meeting of the federation of wo-
man's clubs which will be held at Spring-
field on Oct. 7, 8 and 9. Mrs. V. N. Hon-
tetter, Mrs. R. L. Walsen, Mrs. R. G.
Wells, Mrs. George R. Bacon, Mrs. J. G.
Badonhausen, Mrs. J. N. Baker and Miss
Laura B. Wyckoff.

Sunday School Rally

At the Sunday school of the U. B. Cen-
tenary church corner of North Broadway
and Eldorado street Blue and pink
cards were distributed among the mem-
bers of the school yesterday morning.
These cards are invitations to the Sunday
school rally next Sunday and there is to
be a color contest as to which side will
bring in the most people and also the
largest collection.

Assembly Dance To Night

The Leonard assembly dance will oc-
cur this evening at Armory Hall. This
will be the order of dances: Permeade,
Waltz, Lancers, Two step, Gavotte,
Waltz, Quadrille, Minuet, Cream City
Waltz, Two step, La Coquette, Lancers,
Waltz Quadrille, Waltz, Humme.

S. L. Martin near Hopewell, has a
peach tree which bears off on one side
and free stones on the other.

AT REST IN GREENWOOD

Funeral of the Late Dr. Hubbard—Address
by Dr. Penhulligan. The Burial

Saturday afternoon the funeral of the
late Dr. John I. Hubbard ex pastor,
took place from the family residence on
West William street in the presence of a
large assemblage of neighbors and friends.
Members of Masonic Lodge No. 8 and
Dunham Post No. 131 G. A. R. attended
in a body. There were many beautiful
floral tributes. The music was by Miss
Addie Herbert Mrs. W. J. Hestorfer (W.
Montgomery and John L. Padin. The
impressive services were conducted by
Rev. W. H. Penhulligan of the First
Presbyterian church assisted by Rev. W.
C. Miller of the First Congregational
church. The latter read the scriptural
lesson and offered prayer.

In the course of his address Dr. Pen-
hulligan said: There are those whom
words are empty and full far short of the
mark which they are intended, when
addressed to the best expression of heart,
and sincere emotion. This is such a
one. After singing that beautiful hymn
"Rock of Ages Clift for Me," which the
choir sweetly rendered, we might close
this service. All that was mortal of our
friends might be taken from this house
and borne with gentle hands to the quiet
city of the dead. His life was the best
eulogy. His character his most suitable
epitaph. I shall detain you but a few
moments the reform, while in your midst
and mine I have a tribute of love and re-
sponse upon the altar of memory. Taking
him as a young man where we find him
passing through the ordinary incidents of
life leading to manhood we see him
where he looked upon the appalling scene
of his country, which he loved so well,
swept in the storm of fratricidal war.
With the courage and enthusiasm of
young manhood he entered into the con-
flict and did his full share to save the
union from disruption. When this great
struggle had been lost and won and peace
was proclaimed he returned to the quiet
field of civil life choosing for his profession
the druggist's life. He followed it with
pride and fidelity becoming a master of
its details. This was his profession all
these years with the exception of the time
when he held the responsible position of
postmaster in this city. His life was
that of the true Christian. Quiet unostentatious but true to his profession and
faithful to his master, exemplifying in his
higher Christian graces and complete
fruits of the spirit. But his
life of holiness was his home. His fam-
ily was the apple of his eye. At his fire-
side he found his last breath and in
the domestic circle he reached his highest
ideal.

At the grave in Greenwood the Masonic
ceremonies were observed in connection
with the interment and the G. A. R.
higher sounded taps.

The active pall bearers were J. A. Beck-
ingham John A. Swearingen, R. J. Roh-
erts George R. Steele John Armstrong
and M. I. Kamm. The honorary pall
bearers were A. Chandler W. P. Calhoun,
Peter Perle Colonel Redman Captain R.
P. Lytle and T. J. Evans.

DEATH OF THOMAS FLYNN

An Old Resident of the City Passed Away
Sunday. An Old Soldier and Mem-
ber of Dunham Post

Thomas Flynn aged 71 years died
Sunday afternoon at his home on North
Morgan street. He was an old soldier and
fought in the civil war as a member of
Co. B, 10th Illinois cavalry. Mr. Flynn
lost his eye sight in the war and has been
blind ever since. He was a member of
St. Patrick's church and Dunham Post,
No. 141, G. A. R., and was a man who
was highly respected. He has lived in
this city for about forty years. He leaves
a wife and two children, Mrs. P. W. Don-
ahue and Mrs. M. McMahon. The time
of the funeral has not yet been decided upon.

Funeral of Mrs. Rogers

The funeral of the late Mrs. Laura Rog-
ers will be held tomorrow afternoon at
2:30 o'clock from the residence of George
E. Knight on West William street. The
services will be conducted by Rev. W. H.
Penhulligan and the remains will be put
in the Bullard vault at Greenwood ceme-
tery until next spring when they will be
taken east for burial.

Springfield Won The Trophy

The last and deciding game of cham-
pionship has been held between the Springfield
club and the Belleville team was played
at Springfield Sunday when Springfield
won, the score being 14 to 3. The Spring-
field club won the \$500 and the trophy as
champions of central Illinois. Shorty
Martin was in the game for Springfield.

Assembly Dance To Night

The Leonard assembly dance will oc-
cur this evening at Armory Hall. This
will be the order of dances: Permeade,
Waltz, Lancers, Two step, Gavotte,
Waltz, Quadrille, Minuet, Cream City
Waltz, Two step, La Coquette, Lancers,
Waltz Quadrille, Waltz, Humme.

S. L. Martin near Hopewell, has a
peach tree which bears off on one side
and free stones on the other.

king
water
ure

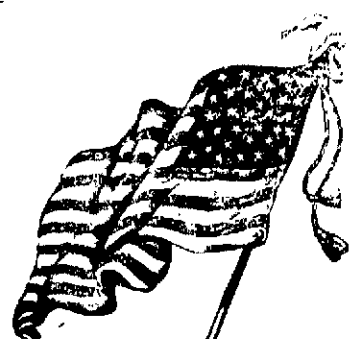
Daily Republican

B. K. HAMSHER, W. F. CALHOUN,
HAMSHER & CALHOUN, Prop. rs.
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Published at Decatur as second class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
By mail, postage paid, one year.....\$5.00
Delivered by carrier to any part of city
Per week, 10 cents; Yearly, in advance.....\$5.00
Postal card requests, or orders through tele-
phone No. 43, will secure early attention of car-
riers in any district.
Address THE EVENING REPUBLICAN, 125
South Water street, Decatur, Illinois.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1896.

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN TICKET.
For President.....Ohio
For Vice-President.....New Jersey
GARRET A. HOBARTREPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.
Governor.....John R. Tanner
Lieutenant Governor.....W. A. Northcott
Secretary of State.....J. A. Rose
Auditor.....J. R. McCullough
Treasurer.....Henry L. Hertz
Attorney General.....E. C. Alton
University Trustees—F. M. McKay, Chi-
cago, T. J. Smith, Champaign; Mrs.
Mary Turner Carriel, Jacksonville.Clerk of the Northern Grand Division,
Supreme Court.....Chris. Maier
Clerk of the Central Grand Division,
Supreme Court.....A. A. Cudwaller
Clerk of the Southern Grand Division,
Supreme Court.....R. E. Mabry
Clerk of the Second Judicial District,
Appellate Court.....C. C. Duffy
Clerk of the Third Judicial District,
Appellate Court.....W. G. Hibbard
Clerk of the Fourth Judicial District,
Appellate Court.....M. EmersonCONGRESSIONAL TICKET.
17th District.
For Congress.....JAMES A. CONNOLLY
For Member State of Board Equalization
.....THOMAS N. LEAVITT
For Elector.....H. N. SCHUYLERREPRESENTATIVES.
W. G. Cochran.....Monticello County
James E. Sharrock.....Christian CountyCOUNTY TICKET.
For State Attorney.....Isaac R. Mills
For Circuit Clerk.....David L. Foster
For Coroner.....Jesse E. Bendure
For Surveyor.....George V. LoringWANTED—Work by millions of un-
employed Americans, thrown out
of employment by millions of work-
men in other countries, whose pro-
duct comes here under the Wilson
bill, and who buy what they eat from
farmers from their own countries,
and what they wear and use in fur-
nishing their homes from foreign
merchants. These American work-
men are out of work, and many of
them out of money, too. With the
McKinley times of 1892 back again,
employment is guaranteed. But they
want work now, and want it badly.
Payment in any money of the United
States government today, silver,
paper, or gold, 100 cents to every dol-
lar, will be entirely satisfactory.
AMERICA FOR AMERICANS.

Secretary Hinrichsen.

Secretary of State Hinrichsen is trou-
bled very much with an impulse to
scrupulously honest and a desire to fol-
low the law. A committee from the state
convention of the National Democratic
party called upon him the other day and
presented for filing papers provided for by
the Australian ballot law in order to have
their state and national ticket placed on
the official ballot. Secretary Hinrichsen
in anticipation of this event gave out an
opinion that indicated that he was ad-
verse to allowing those Democrats who
have refused to follow his lead and dump
the Democratic party into the slough of
Populism and when they appeared with
their documents he was so overwhelmed
with a desire to obey the law, that he
could not at once file the papers. He
took a day off to make up his mind and
finally he gave a written opinion in which
he charged those Democrats who are re-
fusing to support the fraud known as free
silver and have nominated a sound money
ticket with attempting to perpetrate a
fraud on the people. The evidence upon
which he comes to this conclusion he al-
leges is that they have been encouraged in
getting out a ticket by the Republicans
which of course is a very great sin in his
eyes and one that in his opinion would
warrant him in disfranchising them.
But after arraigning the sound money
Democrats who refused to dance to his
music and convicting them in the little
court he held under his own hat he con-
cluded, however, to admit their papers to
be subject to review as to their legality
later on. This means that they will be
held to be inadmissible later on.This is a very strange and a very dis-
creditable proceeding and shows him to
be a political bully of a very advanced
type. He assumes an authority which
the law does not give him. The law re-
quires those who file nomination papers
to express in not more than five words the
party or political principle which the can-
didate represents. This part of the lawhas been complied with in the case in
hand by adopting the name "Independent
Democrats" and this is probably what
staggered Mr. Hinrichsen. He don't con-
sider that any Democrat has a right to
act independent of his and Altgeld's dic-
tation. The law neither in letter nor spir-
it confers upon the secretary of state ju-
dicial powers and yet Mr. Hinrichsen has
seen fit to render a judicial opinion in the
matter. It is none of the secretary's
business, whether other than the party
filing the papers sympathized with or
encouraged it and yet Hinrichsen raises
that question charging that the Republi-
cans have encouraged the Independent
Democratic ticket. Perhaps an Independ-
ent Republican nomination paper would
not have had the same effect on him. If
this be true, and it is not likely any one
would seriously dispute it, it follows that
Mr. Hinrichsen is actuated more from
motives of party interest than he is with
a desire to serve the people of the state;
that he is more interested in sticking a
knife into those Democrats he has failed
to commit to the free silver fraud than he
is to protect the voter against the danger
of "confusion" which he talks about in
his opinion. We have not heard of his be-
ing troubled about the confusion of vot-
ers in the case of the Prohibitionists and
the "fraud" which split away from them
and which was and is encouraged by the
Demopopulists and which proposes to go
on the official ballot as the "National Pro-
hibitionists." This complication has given
Hinrichsen no trouble nor has the law
in the case been at all troublesome to him.So far as confusing the voter is con-
cerned the Chicago convention, which
claims to represent the Democratic party
is calculated to confuse the voter much
more than the independent or national
Democratic party. Everybody knows
what they mean and what they represent.
Nobody knows what the Demopopulists
mean or what they represent, and their
main purpose in this campaign is to con-
fuse and deceive voters and herein lies
Hinrichsen's troubles. There are some
Democrats whom he cannot deceive and
he is ugly about it and we predict he will
manage to have a complaint entered
against placing the Independent Demo-
cratic ticket on the official ballot and
then under the law Altgeld, Moloney and
Hinrichsen will conjointly manage to
suppress the ticket but the national Pro-
hibition ticket, which is a Demopopulist
annex, but which is on all fours with the
other case, will go through all right and
will appear on the official ballot.Would Bryan Mean Free Silver?
It is a serious question, and one which
few free silver people are considering.
Whether the election of Bryan and a Dem-
opulst congress would mean free silver
or free shipplasters. We have in circula-
tion among the people \$349,000,000 in
United States notes, or greenbacks, and
\$125,000,000 in Sherman treasury notes,
both of which are redeemable upon pre-
sentation in coin, \$241,000,000 in national
bank notes, redeemable in United States
notes, \$354,000,000 in silver certificates
which represent silver dollars deposited
for the benefit of the holders of the certifi-
cates. Outside of the silver dollars repre-
sented by these certificates about \$60,000,
000 silver dollars are in circulation and
about 30,000,000 silver dollars are in the
treasury. Under the gold standard the
government by its gold reserve, which it
aims to keep at \$100,000,000 protects and
keeps at par in purchasing and debt-pay-
ing power all this volume of paper money
as well as the flat of 47 cents in the silver
dollar which has been created in the de-
cline of the commercial value of silver.
These in brief are the conditions which
would confront the election of Mr. Bryan
upon a declaration in favor of the free
coinage of silver dollars worth only 50
cents in gold.In the event of his election, to protect
themselves against the depreciation of the
treasury notes and greenbacks, every
holder who is in a position to do so, would
at once present them for redemption, and
in a very short time the gold reserve
would disappear. The secretary of the
treasury would be in no position to re-
deem these notes in silver as the govern-
ment has at most not more than 30,000,
000 silver dollars on hand, which would
be only a drop in the bucket as against
171,000,000 dollars of paper redeemable in
coin in the hands of the people. Concur-
rently with the wiping out of the gold re-
serve the \$600,000,000 in gold in circula-
tion would disappear and none would
come into the public treasury, and when
the reserve was gone gold would at once
go to a premium or rather we would be
on a silver basis—that dollar worth only
53 cents. Every paper dollar, every sil-
ver certificate, every bank note, would at
once depreciate in the pockets of the hold-
er to the value of the silver dollar. This
would be the condition when Mr. Bryan
and his congress came into power. They
could not meet this contraction in the
volume and value of our money through
the coinage of silver in the mint. They
could borrow no gold, and they would be
forced to issue more paper money, on the
Populist plan. This paper would at once
depreciate and send the 53-cent silver dol-
lar to a premium, and it would disappear
from circulation. This would mean the
issue of more paper money and its further
depreciation which would end all hope of
coining silver dollars at the ratio of 16 to 1
for the people, as the silver button
owner, if he had silver dollars coined,
would not pay them out to the people as
against a cheaper paper dollar.This has happened once before in the
history of the country, as the result of thewar. No gold or silver circulated among
the people from 1862 to 1877 and yet dur-
ing that period 518,000,000 dollars of gold
and 100,000,000 of silver were coined for
the bullion owners. We had, during
that period, the free coinage of gold and
silver and the people had neither gold nor
silver. If Bryan is elected we will have
the same condition of things with no ex-
cuse for it, such as war, and consequently
would have the sympathy of no other na-
tion to help us out, as was the case in the
first instance, as a promise of honesty,
under such circumstances, would impress
nobody as coming from an honest pur-
pose. If voters want such a condition
as that they should vote for Bryan. If
not then he and his Populist gang should
be overwhelmed at the polls by the people.

THE FARMER'S REAL GRIEVANCE.

Not a Lack of Money But of Banking
Facilities in Country Districts.
Why has Canada no currency ques-
tion, no cry for cheap money, and no
campaign against gold? These are
questions which Mr. Thomas G. Shear-
man answers very effectively in the
London Times of September 11.
Briefly summarized, Mr. Shearman's
explanation of the discontent among
farmers, which has led to the ridicu-
lous demand for free silver, is that most
farmers in the west and south are de-
prived of the benefits of banking facili-
ties. They seldom see or use a check
and are unacquainted with the benefits
of banks and bank credits. For this
reason there is a great scarcity of cur-
rency in most rural districts. The
"country store" supplies in part and in a
crude and costly way the credits
which tide many farmers over from
one season to another. Because of the
great risk involved, the storekeeper,
by charging high prices for his goods
and by paying low prices for farm prod-
ucts, really gets from 25 to 50 per cent.
interest on the credits given to the
farmers. Of course, such interest eats
up all of the profits of a large class of
farmers.The country storekeeper really does a
banking business in a clumsy and cost-
ly way. Local banks, such as exist in
Canada, would furnish the farmers
with credits at about one-fourth the
cost of store credits. With such banks
the farmers would sell their crops for
checks, deposit them in banks and take
up their discounted notes in this way.
The farmer knows nothing of this
method of conducting transactions, and
thinks that his needs can be supplied
only by making more money—cheaper
money, if necessary.The farmers, therefore, make no
efforts to obtain better banking facili-
ties. Instead, they work and wait
against banks and bankers at every op-
portunity. They tax money and other
loanable capital at two or 2 1/2 per cent.
while demanding that interest be re-
duced to two per cent. They thus drive
away the very money they are so eager
to get. In some sections of the south it
is 50 or 75 miles to the nearest bank.
They prohibit branch banks, such as ex-
ist in Canada and Scotland, to the great
advantage of remote country districts.
The farmer, themselves are the great-
est enemies to what is most needed in
their communities, first-class banks of
deposit and discount. Mr. Shearman
makes this point plain. He says that
Canadian farmers "have suffered from
the fall of prices and from every other
allied result of the single old stand-
ard to the same extent as the farmers
south of them. Yet there is no political
league in Canada, and the cry for
cheaper money is not heard. Canada
has not only enough money to supply
all of her own wants, but also lends
such great amounts in the United States
that jealous American bankers some-
times try to shut Canadian money out."Mr. Shearman sees what too few
seem to see, that the farmers have a
real monetary or currency grievance.
He has indicated what is probably the
only way of giving relief. He offers
something positive. That the farmers
are not willing to take the only remedy
for their ills and prefer the quick free
silver and cheap money remedies only
prolongs their sufferings and makes a
rational solution of the money question
more difficult and uncertain.Is there any reason
for dodging and ig-
noring a great and
vital fact simply be-
cause a few prelu-
dices, misguid-
ed people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty? Rea-
son and honesty say
—certainly not. Men
and women are at-
tracted to each other
because they are men
and women and be-
cause it is right and
necessary that they
should be so at-
tracted, in guided
people have an-
tiquated ideas of what
constitutes morality
and modesty

Men's New Stylish Suits

For Fall and Winter,
In All the Newest Effects.

In Brown Cheviot Plaids.
In Worsted Cheviots in Brown and black.
In Worsted Cheviots, grey effects.
CUT AND MAKE PERFECT.

At \$12.00 and \$15.00.

MEN'S CHEAP CASSIMERE AND CHEVIOT SUITS,
At \$6.50, \$7.50, \$8.50 and \$10.

Nothing like them ever was sold—
The kind we show at these prices.

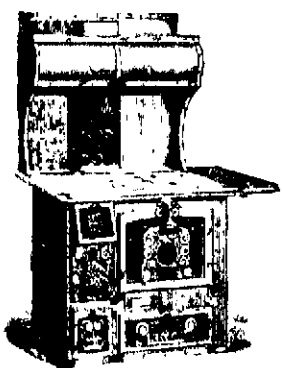
MEN'S PANTALOONS,
At \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00.
GOOD VALUES.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT.

Full of Good Suits and Pants, for Boys 8 years and upwards. Better goods for the money than ever.

NEW FALL HATS,
In Derby and Soft Styles.
AGENTS FOR THE KNOX HATS.

Ottenheimer & Co.
The Progressive Clothiers, Hatters and Furnishers.
Telephone 182. MASONIC TEMPLE



SUPERIOR STEEL RANGE.

Don't buy your steel range until you see the Superior.

The heaviest and best range in the market today. Heavy cold rolled steel and full asbestos lined, beautifully nicked, every one fully warranted.

"Superior Air Tight Heater."

Heavy boiler steel drum, large ash pan, every joint ground until perfectly airtight. Will keep fire 24 hours, and use less fuel than any soft coal stove on the market.

Bachman Bros. & Martin Co.
ONE BLOCK EAST OF MILLIKIN BANK.

ON
THESE CRISP
AND SNAPPY MORNIN'S,

and these cool an' shiv'ry even, when you hear the rustlin' music of the falling of the leaves, and you feel a touch of ager kinder creepin' through your bones, and the wind sorter sings in warning tones, then you want to make a note just to drop into Maienthal's for a new Fall Overcoat.

A Genteel Tan Color Short Coat for

\$10 and \$12

Some of the many proper things. Plain, smooth surface, and lined with elegant serge, as good a garment as we used to sell for \$15 and \$16. That's how much cheaper clothing is this season. See them in our show window.

L. MAIENTHAL & SONS'

...New Clothing Store...

222 NORTH MAIN.

Between Prairie and William.

HAVE YOU TRIED
CHASE & SANBORN'S
COFFEES?
Only Sold at
"The Economy,"
221 North Water Street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Waiting tablets from 1 to 25 cents at Armstrong Bros.—2d-4t

Dr. H. P. Bachman, dentist, rooms 7, 8 and 9, in Temple block. 5 d-t
The Platt county grand jury brought in twenty indictments.

The Oak Grove school road is to be graveled at township expense.

The Grand Opera House cigars made by Johnny Weigand are the best in town. 25 d-t

Little Diana elgar; business men's ideal smoke; 5 for 10 cents; 100 for \$1.50. L. Chodak's News House—14 d-t

Danrow Brothers sell the famous Val Blatz Milwaukee bottled beer. Try a case. Please telephone 654.

And oh! Such fine large salt mackerel perfectly delicious. Pearl Oyster and Fish company, telephone 344.—5 d-t

The ladies of Progress lodge, Daughters of Hekelah, are making an effort to raise a fund for the purchase of a new piano.

Don't eat another meal without trying a can of our cooked sauerkraut. Pearl Oyster and Fish company, telephone 344.—5 d-t

Rev. W. H. Cannon occupied the pulpit of the Christian church again Sunday. He has preached at this church for several weeks past.

O, wonderful thing to sharpen the appetite, Russian spiced garden in bulk. Pearl Oyster and Fish company, telephone 344.—5 d-t

The Volunteers will have a rally to-night on the streets and at the W. C. T. U. hall. General Fielding will address the people.

A number of young men are making plans to form a dancing club to meet every week. A meeting was held for that purpose Sunday.

C. A. Griffin, of Armingdon, loaded his household goods on wagons and moved with his family to Normal, where they will make their home.

Diphtheria cases: In the family of John Dipper at 860 Central avenue and in the family of William Harten, 250 East Bradford street.

Prescriptions and medicines delivered to any part of the city. Armstrong Bros., druggists, corner North Main and William street. Telephone 452.—27 d-t

Select a piano to suit you. You will find it at the C. B. Prescott music house. Drop in and take a look at the Haines upright and Reed & Son's instruments.

Officers Dempsey, Cross, Bulley and Koeppe arrived home Saturday evening from Springfield where all week they did effective police service at the state fair.

Wednesday night on the occasion of the flag presentation at Turner park, the last electric car will leave the park entrance for the city at 11:30 o'clock.

The twelfth annual reunion of the Forty-first Illinois Regimental association will be held at Clinton on Thursday, Oct. 15. Business meeting at 1 p. m.; banquet at 6; camp fire at 8. The president is J. W. McPherson; secretary, C. P. Richards.

The receivers for the Young Bros. & Marks Co. wholesale grocers, have paid creditors a dividend on part of the goods sold. The business is being well managed, and it is probable that every creditor will get every penny due.

The meeting of the Mission Epworth League will be postponed this week from Tuesday evening till Friday evening on account of the reception to be given the new pastor of Grace M. E. church. All are invited to be present Friday evening, Sept. 18-d-wtd

Public Sale of Thoroughbred Jersey Cattle.

On account of the death of my wife I am compelled to close out my entire herd of Thoroughbred Jersey Cattle, which consists of about thirty head of milk cows, young heifers and bulls. The sale will take place on Thursday, October 8th, 1896, at the Decatur Trotting Association Park, north of the city. This herd of Jerseys is one of the finest in the state, and this sale will afford an opportunity of securing some very choice milk cows. A credit of six months—4 per cent discount for cash. Sale to commence at one o'clock. Sept. 18-d-wtd

Special Velled Prophets' Train.

The Wabash line will run a special train from Decatur to St. Louis, Tuesday, Oct. 6, leaving Decatur at 1:45 p. m., arriving in St. Louis at 5:40 p. m., returning special train will leave St. Louis Union station at 11 p. m. One fare for the round trip. Inquire of the Wabash ticket agent for particulars.—1 d-t

A Saving in Clothing.

Your last winter's suit or overcoat need not be discarded. Take them to Miller's Steam Dye House, 145 N. Main St., where they can be made as good as new at a trivial cost. Best steam dye works in the west—skilled scouring, repairing and everything first class. Ladies' garments given special care.—39 d-t

WATERMELON RACE
It Was Held Sunday Morning in the Country Northwest of the City.

WITNESSED BY A LARGE CROWD.

Race Was From John Barnes Farm to Fairlawn Park—Charles Batchelder Carried Eight Melons and Won First Prize.

The annual watermelon race given by the Mueller Gun company took place Sunday morning and was a big event for the wheelmen of the city. The race had attracted a good deal of attention and there were hundreds of people who witnessed it. It was to have been held last Sunday but was postponed on account of the rain. Yesterday the roads were rough but the weather was fine and the race was a success throughout. There were about twenty starters in the race but at least one hundred wheelmen were present and many persons walked or drove out to Fairlawn park to see the finish.

The first prize, a pair of bicycle tires, was taken by Charles Batchelder; the second prize, a bicycle watch was won by Will Curry and the third prize, a cyclometer, was captured by Roy Kinsman. The prizes and the watermelons were furnished by the Mueller company.

The starters met at the park gate and from there went to the farm of John Barnes about three miles distant. At this point the wheelmen loaded themselves with the melons and the start was made, the race being back to the park. Archie Wilson acted as starter. Part of the road is not graveled and it was rough riding. There were many people all along the route and quite a number had cameras and took snap shots of the boys when they passed. The first man to reach the end of the course was Bert Weaver. He carried a melon in a basket on the front of his wheel. Amzi Barr came second with his melon in a bushel basket on the back of his wheel and Ed Eckles was a close third, carrying a melon tied up in his coat and strapped on his back. None of these, however, won prizes, although they came in first. The winners of the race were decided according to points. Winning a place in the race counted for points; each pound of melons carried two points, and each man passed on the road counted two points. Every dismount made on the course counted three points off. The surprise of the spectators was great when Batchelder, the winner, came in with eight melons, weighing altogether 155 pounds. He had them strapped all over the wheel and carried some on his back in a net. It was the wonder of everyone how he ever got along with them, but the melons were so arranged that they were evenly balanced. The second prize winner, Will Curry, was not much behind. He came in with six and Kinsman, the third prize winner, brought in four. One of the wheelmen had a pole across the handle bars of his bicycle and melons suspended on each end.

A wagon load of melons followed behind the racers and at the park everyone was invited to participate in the feast that followed. Benches were arranged where the people could be seated and there were melons galore to eat.

Notes.
The members of the wheelmen's club are hunting for winter quarters. They will rent apartments somewhere in the business part of the city. They expect to be settled this month.

Frank Farley did some fine work at Springfield Saturday. He was entered in the bicycle races and he came away with a number of prizes. He won a handsome gold watch as first money in the mile handicap and a diamond ring as second in the mile open. He made a record of 2:08 3-5 for the mile.

There will be a race meeting at Paris, Ill., on Oct. 8 and 9. About \$8000 worth of prizes will be given away. Several from Decatur will attend as it will be about the last race meet in this part of the state this season.

The members of the high school football team will play a game this afternoon against a picked eleven at the corner of Eldorado and College streets. The members of the team have received their suits. They have been practicing every day for the past two weeks are able to put up a good game. They expect to arrange for a contest with the Monticello or Belmont teams.

Some of the other men are making arrangements for organizing another football team as they did last year. They will meet this afternoon and begin practicing. About the same men will play this year as did last season.

Quite a number of the wheelmen made runs into the country yesterday afternoon. The riding was good on the gravel roads and the weather was fine for wheeling.

Republican Ward Meeting

The Republican ladies of the Third and Fourth precincts of the Second ward are requested to meet at the home of Mrs. Shookley, 208 West William street, Friday afternoon, Oct. 9, at 2:30. Mrs. Bobb, chairman of Third precinct.—5 d

MUSICAL EVENING.
Will be Given To-morrow Night by Mrs. A. B. Alexander at Her Home on Powers' Lane.

At her home on Powers' Lane tomorrow evening Mrs. A. B. Alexander will give the first of a series of musical evenings. Three others will be given later in the season. The following is the program for tomorrow evening:

Toccata and Fugue in D minor, Bach. Tausig—Mrs. Alexander.
Songs, (a) "When Thou Art Near Me," Herman Lechr, (b) "Love Token," Francis Thome—Mrs. Blodgett.

Concert Stueck, op. 79, Weber, 1, Tom-poli March, 2, Presto assai, (orchestral part arranged for second piano)—Mrs. Alexander and Miss Bessie Young.
Song, Thine, Bohm—Mrs. Blodgett.
Entrance of the Gods into Walhalla (das Rheingold) Wagner—Mrs. Alexander, Misses Clark, Bunn and Cozad.

Vocal duet, Annals, I Love Thee, Verdi—Mrs. Blodgett and Mrs. Alexander.
(a) The Nightingale, (Russian theme), Alaboff-Liszt; (b) The Eagle, MacDowell; (c) Nocturne, op. 15, No. 2, F sharp major, Chopin; (d) Improvviso, op. 30, F sharp major, Chopin, (e) Invitation to the dance, Weber Tausig—Mrs. Alexander.

Songs—(a) Because I Love You, Dr. Francis P. Haunlet; (b) Sleeping Tide, Lawrence Kelle; (c) Rose Bud, Paul Ambrose—Mrs. Blodgett.
Duet for two pianos—Pavane Cymbalos, Chaminade—Mrs. Alexander and Miss Bunn.

Illinois Y. M. C. A. Convention.

A marked characteristic of the present day is a multiplicity of organizations. An important, indeed, an essential factor in the growth of a great organization, is its periodical conferences for fellowship, inspiration, reports of work accomplished, comparison of methods and laying of plans for future work. Among the many conventions of the fall months, none promises to be of greater interest and significance than the annual meeting of the Illinois Young Men's Christian association, which is to be held at Sterling, Oct. 14 to 18. A very attractive program has been arranged. Among the speakers are Rev. E. M. Bristol, D. D.; Rev. Howard Agnew Johnson, D. D., and others equally well known. The far famed Iowa quartet will sing at all sessions. Railroads grant reduced rates. Young men from towns having no associations will be welcomed as honorary delegates if they bring credentials from their pastors.

In times such as we are passing through it is of great importance that all moral forces be sustained and supported, and it is gratifying to know that the Young Men's Christian association movement in Illinois has experienced a healthy growth and development under the adverse circumstances of the past year.

For Laughing Purposes Only.

"Merry's Twists" a hilarious pot-pourri of clever comedy, excellent singing and dancing, and novel specialties as interpreted by Ferguson and Emerick, and a large company of fun makers comes to the Grand next Wednesday night. The comedy work of Ferguson and Emerick is decidedly original and their conception of Irish humor is characteristically droll. Their work shows their keen appreciation of the characters they portray. The supporting company is strictly in line with the high standard always maintained by Managers Merrill and Davis and comprises a contingent of artists that are individually and collectively "right in the swim" at any "stage of the game."

A Doll Wedding.

The Misses Minerva Connors and Dora Oshinski held a pleasant doll wedding Saturday afternoon. The doll of the former was the groom and that of the latter the bride. The fun began at 2:30 o'clock. O. L. Cooper was the minister. A large number were present and all enjoyed the ceremony. Those present were: (Oval Keck, May and Grace Wallace, Frankie Bittner, Mary Harry, Emma and June Ewing and Mr. Walter Graves. Miss Julia Shoemaker played the wedding march and Miss Mae Lord assisted in entertaining. Refreshments were served at 5 o'clock. There were many presents. The happy couple will spend their honeymoon at home.

Shoe Talk.

You are always buying shoes. Shoe buying is a disagreeable business. It is expensive business as well. But what are you going to do? You must have shoes. Now if all shoes were alike it wouldn't matter where you bought your shoes. But they are not all alike, so you must put yourself in the hands of the dealers as to quality and value, size, price and looks you can tell. That is all you can tell. Time must tell the rest. So your confidence is not in the shoes but in the dealers. Folzath and Hardy, sign of the old cobbler.—3 d-t-wtd

Sound Money Rally at Marion.

There will be a big sound money Democratic rally at the opera house in Marion next Wednesday evening, Oct. 7. The meeting will be addressed by Hon. Chester A. Babcock, candidate for lieutenant governor, and Hon. E. C. King, candidate for congress in this district on the sound money Democratic ticket. Both gentlemen are able speakers.

Shall It Be 16 to 1?

Silver men say yes, gold men say no. But all who have used it whether gold or silver men concede that Foley's Honey and Tar Cough Syrup is superior to all others as it is 16 to 1. Nulser's Drug & Supply company and N. L. Krone.

THE NEW PREACHER

Rev. W. F. Gilmore Delivers His First Sermon at the Grace Methodist Church.

SERVICES AT RIVERSIDE PARK.

Held by the Members of the German Lutheran Churches of the City—

Rev. Clokey's Farewell Sermon—
Other News of the Churches.

Rev. W. F. Gilmore, the new pastor of Grace Methodist church, was greeted by a large congregation on his first appearance in the pulpit in this city. Mr. Gilmore had become acquainted with the congregation at the Wednesday night prayer meeting but yesterday was the first time he has preached. The new minister is a forcible speaker and made a good impression on his congregation. In the course of his remarks he spoke of the sin of the world in general and said that he looked in vain toward the laws of man to right the wrongs. The only remedy was through Christianity and all the good that is done for the world comes through the church, the laws made by man only assist. Mr. Gilmore spoke of the saloon as one of the greatest evils. He thought that high license did some good, prohibition was even better, but the only force which could entirely overthrow the traffic was that of the church. The same rule applied to individuals as well as to the traffic in general. The best way to make a man stop drinking was to bring him into the church. The speaker said that this was only one of the many evils which the church must fight. The church itself would be powerless unless there were men who would take up the sword and wield it. He said that he thought the kind of a man wanted in this and all other pulpits was one who would take up the battle and fight hard. Mr. Gilmore mentioned some of the men of history whom he thought were great in this time and spoke of John Wesley. He said that he thought the Methodist church which this man founded was one of the greatest institutions and had the best system than anything in the world with the probable exception of the government of the country. After his sermon Mr. Gilmore said that he did not have a speech to make but that he simply wanted to say two sentences. He was glad that he was pastor of the church and he hoped that the coming year would be the greatest in the saving of souls that the church had ever experienced.

Services at Riverside Park.

The members of the English Lutheran churches of the city held services yesterday at Riverside park to celebrate the mission feast. The weather was pleasant and was favorable to such an outdoor meeting and there was a large attendance. In the morning there was preaching by Prof. Streufus, of Concordia college, Springfield. In the afternoon Rev. Bergen preached. Both sermons were given in German. At night services were held at St. Johannes German Lutheran church in the north part of the city where a sermon was delivered in English by Rev. Jacobs. The day was a big one for the members of the German Lutheran churches of the city.

Church Notes.

The music which was given at All Angels church last Monday night at the special service was repeated at the services last evening. There was a large congregation and a sermon was delivered by Rev. Bedford-Jones, the rector. The congregation of the church, although it had only been lately opened, has rapidly grown.

The choir of the First Presbyterian church rendered special music Sunday. In the morning there was a solo by Miss Clara Nolte and in the evening, Miss Edna Harris sang. At the latter service Rev. J. F. Clokey, who has just resigned his position as assistant pastor of the church, gave his farewell sermon. He will leave today for Chicago where he will continue his studies. It has not yet been decided who will take his place.

Next Tuesday evening a reception will be given at Grace Methodist church for the new pastor, Rev. W. F. Gilmore. A general invitation has been extended to all the members of the church and their friends.

Rev. W. C. Miller has introduced a new departure at the Congregational church. Instead of holding services at night there was a twilight service at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. The new plan seemed to meet with the approval of the congregation as there was a large attendance.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR.

PRICE'S

CREAM

BAKING

POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 Years the Standard.



PERSONAL MENTION.

Ed Haines, of Millikin's bank, is taking a two weeks' vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Gray arrived home this morning from Bunker Hill, Ill., where they visited relatives.

Miss Virginia Bryan will leave Wednesday for Tomlinson, Mich., to spend the winter with her uncle, T. A. Nicholson and family.

Howard Hanthorn, Dr. E. H. Walston, Ed Schultz, Jack Layton, Will McBride, Bert Hildebrand and W. N. Dill, who have been camping near Ramsey, Ill., arrived home Saturday night. They say that the hunting is fine in that part of the country.

Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Warner, of Evansville, Ind., were in the city over Sunday, guests of C. M. Lytle and family. Mrs. Warner is a niece of Mrs. Lytle. Mr. Warner is connected with the Evansville cotton mills.

Afternoon Burglary.

Sunday afternoon while the family were away one or more thieves entered the home of A. T. Glat on Jefferson street and went through the house. The dining room window was removed and the intruders went through everything in sight opening all the drawers and trunks. So far as known there was no article of value taken. Evidently the thieves were looking for cash.

Snatch Thieves.

A sneak thief entered the residence of Mrs. M. L. Miller last evening between 8 and 9 o'clock while the family were attending church. They opened a window in the dining room and went through the house. The only thing that was taken was an overcoat belonging to A. Agatt, who rooms in the house.

Saturday evening burglars broke into the residence of John Klett at the corner of Eldorado and Mercer street. The family were away and when they returned home they found evidence of burglars but missed nothing of value.

Four Boys Arrested.

Saturday afternoon four boys entered C. D. Nims' barn at 1061 North Edward street and stole a whole outfit of carpenter's tools, with the exception of a spirit level. Today Officer Imboden arrested Elmer Ward, Sam Debaum, John Atchison and Willie Debaum, all boys charged with the theft. Nearly all of the tools have been recovered. They were sold at a shop on Corro Gordo street.

Buckley's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chaps, etc. Hands, Chills, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by E. A. West, the druggist.

Major G. R. Steele has received notice that the society of the Army of the Tennessee will hold its annual meeting at St. Louis, November 18 and 19. The annual address will be delivered by Major General O. O. Howard, who will be in Decatur on Thursday with the union veterans.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 5, 1896. The REPUBLICAN is indebted to B. L. Taylor, dealer in grain, provisions and stocks, with correspondence in Chicago, New York, Minneapolis and St. Louis for the following market quotations:

	Open-	High-	Low-	Close-
Wheat—				
October.....	66 1/2	67 1/2	66 1/2	67 1/2
December.....	65 1/2	66 1/2	65 1/2	66 1/2
May.....	64 1/2	65 1/2	64 1/2	65 1/2
Cor'n—				
October.....	24 1/2	25 1/2	24 1/2	25 1/2
December.....	23 1/2	24 1/2	23 1/2	24 1/2
May.....	22 1/2	23 1/2	22 1/2	23 1/2
Oats—				
October.....	17 1/2	18 1/2	17 1/2	18 1/2
December.....	16 1/2	17 1/2	16 1/2	17 1/2
May.....	15 1/2	16 1/2	15 1/2	16 1/2
Pork—				
October.....	6 1/4	6 1/4	6 1/4	6 1/4
January.....	7 1/4	7 1/4	7 1/4	7 1/4
Lard—				
October.....	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4
January.....	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4	4 1/4
Rice—				
October.....	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4
January.....	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4	3 1/4

Dec. wheat: puts 65 1/2; calls 66 1/2; curb 67 1/2.

TO-DAY'S RECEIPTS—CASH LOAN.

Wheat—412. Estimated, 288. Year ago, 275.

Corn—396. Estimated, 675; a year ago, 787.

Oats—427. Estimated, 560; a year ago, 771.

ESTIMATES FOR MONDAY.

Wheat, 375; Corn, 1029; Oats, 700.

High receipts 47,000; estimated 45,000. Market steady for good light, common shade lower.

Light, \$1.00; 42; Mixed, \$2.00; 43; Heavy, \$2.00; 44; Rough, \$2.00; 45.

Estimated for Tuesday, 17,000.

Oct. receipts 9,000. Market steady.

THOSE WHO ARE VOTERS.

Reminders of How to Register and Mark a Ballot.

Synopsis of the Provisions of Law Which Are Important to All—Women at the Polls.

Below is given in brief the necessary information—compiled from the law on the subject—that will refresh the voter's mind and prepare him to use his electoral franchise intelligently and satisfactorily to himself.

Eligibility.—A person to be entitled to vote in the state of Illinois must be a citizen of the United States, either native born or naturalized, must be above the age of 21 years, a resident of the state one year, the county 90 days and the voting precinct 30 days next preceding the election at which the vote is offered. If a person fills this requirement he is eligible to register, even though he may not be 21 on the day of registry or may not have filled the residence requirements on that day.

Women May Vote.—All women who fill the above requirements as to citizenship, age and residence are at the coming election entitled to vote for trustees for the University of Illinois, on the grounds of being entitled to vote for school officers.

Registering.—A board of registry constituted by law shall meet in their respective towns, cities, wards, districts or precincts on Tuesday three weeks preceding any state election, making the day of registry this year Tuesday, October 14.

The board meets at nine o'clock and will remain in session long enough to complete its work. At this meeting they shall enter on the register in alphabetical order the names of all in their voting precinct known to them to be legal voters, and to add them shall have access to the poll kept at the previous election. Three copies of this register will be made, one hung up conspicuously for inspection, the other two deposited with the town or city clerk.

Correction of Register.—On the Tuesday previous to the day of election the board of registry will meet for correcting of the registry. They shall meet at eight o'clock on this day and in cities remain in continuous session until nine p. m.; in other districts they shall begin at nine a. m. and continue in session until four p. m. At this meeting no name shall be erased except by affidavit by two legal voters asserting that the person whose name desired erased from the register is not a legal voter. No name can be placed on the list except the voter apply in person, and if there is doubt as to his legal right to vote he may be required to make affidavit and prove his eligibility to vote before his name be placed on the register.

Women Must Register.—Women are required to register the same as men, and the custom of the registering boards is not to place their names upon the list indiscriminately with those of the men, but in a separate place on the register. A woman failing to register will have to swear in her vote, same as the men.

Official Ballot.—The names of all the candidates on all the tickets nominated will be placed upon the ballot, which will be prepared by the county clerk of each county. This ballot will be nearly or quite two feet in size each way. Following is a specimen of the ballot:

<input type="checkbox"/> JOHN F. TANNER. FOR GOVERNOR. <input type="checkbox"/> JOHN P. ATGELD. FOR GOVERNOR. <input type="checkbox"/> MONROE C. CRAWFORD. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. <input type="checkbox"/> JAMES A. ROSE. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.		<input type="checkbox"/> WILLIAM A. NORTHCOOT. FOR TREASURER GOVERNOR. <input type="checkbox"/> JOHN P. ATGELD. FOR TREASURER GOVERNOR. <input type="checkbox"/> MONROE C. CRAWFORD. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. <input type="checkbox"/> JAMES A. ROSE. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.		<input type="checkbox"/> JAMES A. ROSE. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE. <input type="checkbox"/> JAMES A. ROSE. FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.	
---	--	---	--	--	--

In addition to the tickets named above there will be four others on the ballot, two prohibitionists, populist and socialist; altogether seven distinct tickets. The women's official ballot will only contain the names of the candidates for trustees of the State university, three on each ticket, or 21 on the ballot. These will be headed by the party names the same as the other ballot. The women's

ballot will be deposited in a separate box.

Marking the Ballots.—The voters have had experience of a number of elections since the Australian ballot law came into force and pretty well understand the manner of marking. Briefly, it is as follows: A voter desiring to vote the straight republican ticket makes a cross thus (X) in the circle at the left of the word "Republican." This votes the straight republican ticket; same procedure as to other tickets. If the voter desires to vote for some candidate on a ticket other than the one in which he puts a cross in the circle, or, in other words, "scratch" his ticket, he puts a cross in the circle of his ticket, then a like cross in the square to the left of the candidate upon the other ticket he desires to give his support. Same procedure as to additional candidates.

Constitutional Amendment.—In addition to the candidates the voter will be called upon to vote for or against the law amending the constitution. The amendment in brief gives the legislature power to submit as many as three amendments to the constitution to be voted on at one election, whereas under present provisions only one amendment can be submitted at a time. The proposition will be placed at the bottom of the ticket. This proposition will appear on the ballot something after the following fashion:

To Amend Sec. 2, Art. IV of the Constitution.	YES	NO
---	-----	----

The voter will make a cross after the word as suits his conviction on the subject. A simple cross in the circle of one of the tickets records no vote on the constitutional amendment.

OVER THIRTY PER CENT. IDLE.

P. R. Buckland Gives the Result of an Investigation of Free Trade.

Mr. P. R. Buckland, editor of the American Economist, has been making some investigations regarding the condition of manufacturing interests in the United States, as compared with that of four years ago, when the people entered upon the free-trade experiment. He summarizes the result of his investigations as follows:

"I have just completed the returns from 577 reports in 26 states as to the employment and wages of labor in July, 1892, and July, 1896, being respectively two years after the McKinley law and the Wilson law went into effect. Where 577 factories or employers gave work to 114,231 hands in 1892, there was work for only 78,700 this year, 35,531 being idle, or over 30 per cent. of the entire number."

"Wages paid to the same hands decreased from \$3,927,200 for July, 1892, down to \$2,469,712 in July, 1896, a loss of \$1,457,488 or 40 per cent. The percentage of loss to labor in wages has been especially heavy in the New England and middle states, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, the Dakotas, Wisconsin, Iowa, Kansas, Kentucky and Georgia."

CAMPAIGN NOTES.

More than 100,000 men will march in the Business Men's Sound Money association parade in Chicago October 9.

Petitions are being circulated in the 24 counties comprising the southern grand division of the state for placing the names of David Holmes, of Mount Erie, Wayne county, and Wallace Snook, of Chester, Randolph county, upon the ballot for clerk of the supreme court and clerk of the appellate court, respectively. The number of signatures required is about 3,400, being two per cent. of the vote cast at the last election. These men are candidates as independent democrats.

A campaign novelty is the "McKinley tin" can, a souvenir from the birthplace of McKinley, manufactured near the old homestead. It is imitation gold-plated, and is surmounted by a life-like representation of the next president. The can is on sale by I. W. Lillis, room K 4, Great Northern hotel, Chicago.

Col. J. E. Dudley, secretary of the Veterans' Protective league, has prepared a proud roster of veterans everywhere, former democrats as well as republicans who have declared for "sound money" and national honor in this contest. Lancaster county, Neb., Bryan's home county, has returned one of the longest lists. It bears 4,314 names, including populists, democrats and republicans. More than 1,000 names have been sent in from Illinois. In the city of Portland, Ore., 405 veterans signed the league's roster at the first meeting of the association.

George Lovejoy, son of Lovejoy, the martyr, who was assassinated for his advocacy of abolition principles, has been and is doing effective work in Champaign county for "sound money" and republican principles.

Prohibitionists of Sangamon county met at Springfield in large numbers September 25 to grasp the hand of their leader, Joshua Levering, candidate for president. George W. Gere, candidate for governor, and Oliver L. Stewart, chairman of the state central committee, were also present and spoke. In the evening there was a large crowd in representative hall at the statehouse to listen to the address of Mr. Levering.

W. S. Forman is making "sound money" speeches in southern Illinois, in which he roundly scores Gov. Altgeld and the populists. In one of his addresses he said: "To my so-called democratic friends who have criticised me," said he, "I will say no one has been more faithful and loyal to the party than I, and would be yet had it not been captured, bag and baggage, at Chicago by such men as Tillman and Altgeld. It leaves its old teachings and declares for principles unheard of before. They can lead me to the door of the populist camp, but I won't go inside."

FALL AND WINTER ATTIRE!

Special Sale of Correct Wraps and Ready-Made Suits. Our Fall and Winter display in these Departments is the climax of months of continuous effort to obtain the right goods at prices to please our customers.

Bargains in Ladies' Jackets.

New \$7.50 Beaver Jackets, black and navy, latest cut, for this sale.....	\$ 4.49
New \$10.00 Boucle Jackets rough effects, new shield front, high Do-Medici Collar, for this sale.....	6.50
New \$12.50 Novelty Jackets, illuminated effects, for this sale.....	8.50
New \$20.00 Winter Jackets, extra material, new sleeves, new front, new collar, black, navy and green, for this sale.....	12.00

MISSSES' JACKETS AT CUT PRICES.

New Beaver Jackets, black and navy, high storm collar, 12 to 18 years, for this sale.....	2.98
New \$8 fancy Boucle Jacket, new collar, handsomely trimmed, 12 to 18 years, for this sale.....	4.98
New \$5 Children's Jackets, new mixed effects, wide trimmed collars, for this sale.....	2.49
New \$5.98 brown and black Jackets, very nobby styles, 6 to 12 years, for this sale.....	3.49
New \$10 and \$12 fancy Jackets, our finest goods, the pick of the winter styles, for this sale.....	7.49

Ladies' Fine Capes at Cost.

New \$9.00 black Cloth Capes, high inlaid velvet collar, very neat and serviceable, for this sale.....	\$1.98
New \$10.00 Melton Capes, Angora edge, jet trimmed, for this sale.....	6.98
New \$12.00 Persian ripple Capes, Angora trimmed, changeable taffeta lined, for this sale.....	8.98
New \$10.00 Plush Capes, martin edge, braid and jet trimmed, for this sale.....	6.75

Ladies' Ready-Made Suits.

Entire line of fall Walking Suits in elegant mixtures, handsome voverets, boucettes and buffed cloth, new cut jackets with Tuxedo fly front, new sleeves, full fancy taffeta side lined, ready trimmed effects, new skirt draperies, worth up to \$25.00, for this sale \$12.50, \$14.00 and \$16.00.

OUR SPECIAL BARGAIN SUIT. One lot two piece suits, all wool material, plain coats and mixtures, tailor made, worth up to \$18.00, for this sale, \$7.49, \$8.98, and \$10.00.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

We will close out the balance of our fall weight garments, including Ladies' and Misses' Jackets and Capes at prices below actual cost.

See Our Elegant Line of Children's Reefers

from 4 to 8 years, ranging in price from 49c to \$1.25. Every garment in this lot would be cheap at twice the money.

LADIES' FALL WRAPPERS. An immense stock to select from. Made of best outing flannels and dark prints, 98c, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75.

Our Dress Goods Department

is heavily stocked with the best things in late fall novelties that can be produced. All new goods and the wonderful assortment insures satisfaction and easy selection.

Special Sale all Week in Carpet and Curtain Departments.

LINN & SCRUGGS DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY

JUST A WORD TO MOTHER

In the Little Ones' Behalf.

Parental Delight on tap in infinite variety at

STINE'S.

Mothers will find best reward of care for and pride in children

by clothing them for School and Sabbath in some of our varied Fall provision for

CHILDREN'S SUITS.

In the Market to Control It.

The B. STINE CLOTHING CO.

Invites inspection of the following

LEADING SPECIALTIES.

For ages 3 to 8, our "Duplex" double breasted Reefer or open front, at choice in fine all wool chevots, braided, at \$3, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$4 and \$4.50—the suit of heretofore unequalled value.

Elegant and novel blue worsted Sailor Suits, very chick and fetching, \$5.50.

Reefers in all wool and color grades—chinchilla, fancy chevot and astrachan, for winter wear of Toddlers who draw the line on ulsters, \$2.50 to \$5.50.

Just a Complete Line of Everything Needed by graduates of the nursery and candidates for school.

Be Prepared for a

SURPRISE ABOUT PRICES

When you come as children of older growth to investigate offerings in Men's and Youth's FALL OVERCOATS and FURNISHINGS by the

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.,

245-249 NORTH WATER ST.

R. R. TIME TABLES.

In effect May 20, 1896.

Wabash Line.

FROM ST. LOUIS	TO ST. LOUIS
No. 10 Pass* 8.55 p.m.	No. 11 Pass* 6.00 a.m.
" 14 Pass* 11.15 a.m.	" 15 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 4 Pass* 11.25 a.m.	" 5 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 2 Pass* 10.15 p.m.	" 16 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 12 Pass* 12.00 p.m.	" 1 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
No. 6 Pass* 5.30 a.m.	" 11 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 16 Pass* 10.00 p.m.	" 1 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 10 Pass* 4.45 p.m.	" 1 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
Sunday only.	

FROM QUINCY AND KANSAS CITY.

FROM QUINCY AND KANSAS CITY	TO QUINCY AND KANSAS CITY
No. 2 Pass* 10.05 p.m.	No. 3 Pass* 6.00 a.m.
" 4 Pass* 11.30 a.m.	" 5 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 16 Pass* 5.30 a.m.	" 17 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 10 Pass* 4.45 p.m.	" 1 Pass* 6.00 p.m.

FROM PEORIA AND CHICAGO.

FROM PEORIA AND CHICAGO	TO PEORIA AND CHICAGO
No. 3 Pass* 4.30 a.m.	No. 6 Pass* 6.00 a.m.
" 5 Pass* 4.38 p.m.	" 1 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 17 Pass* 8.00 p.m.	" 1 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 11 Pass* 6.00 p.m.	" 1 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
from Peoria 10.35 a.m.	to Peoria 1.00 p.m.
No. 1 Pass* 12.30 a.m.	to Peoria 1.00 p.m.

FROM CHICAGO.

FROM CHICAGO	TO CHICAGO
No. 13 Pass* 5.00 a.m.	No. 14 Pass* 6.00 a.m.
" 15 Pass* 11.25 p.m.	" 16 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 17 Pass* 8.00 p.m.	" 1 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
*Daily, except Sunday.	

Illinois Central.

FROM ST. LOUIS	TO ST. LOUIS
Diamond Special, daily, 4.30 a.m.	Diamond Special, daily, 6.00 a.m.
No. 122 Pass. ex. Sunday, 9.40 a.m.	No. 123 Pass. ex. Sunday, 6.00 p.m.
No. 124 Freight, Sunday, 2.00 p.m.	No. 125 Freight, Sunday, 1.00 p.m.
No. 107 Pass. ex. Sunday, 6.00 p.m.	No. 108 Pass. ex. Sunday, 6.00 p.m.
No. 702 (Chicago line) leaves ex. Sunday, 2.25 p.m.	No. 703 (Chicago line) arrives, Sunday, 11.11 a.m.
No. 704 to Chicago via Chicago daily 7.00 a.m.	No. 705 to Chicago via Chicago daily 7.00 a.m.
No. 120 daily to Chicago 11.30 a.m.	No. 121 daily to Chicago 11.30 a.m.

Peoria, Decatur and Evansville.

Arrive from Peoria	Arrive from Evansville
A No. 1..... 10.12 a.m.	A No. 1..... 10.12 a.m.
D No. 3..... 10.10 p.m.	D No. 3..... 10.10 p.m.
A No. 30..... 4.50 p.m.	A No. 30..... 4.50 p.m.
D No. 30..... 4.50 p.m.	D No. 30..... 4.50 p.m.
Depart for Peoria	Depart for Evansville
A No. 2..... 2.45 p.m.	A No. 2..... 2.45 p.m.
A No. 4..... 4.30 a.m.	A No. 4..... 4.30 a.m.
A No. 30..... 6.15 a.m.	A No. 30..... 6.15 a.m.
A No. 30..... 7.30 a.m.	A No. 30..... 7.30 a.m.
A No. 10..... 10.42 a.m.	A No. 10..... 10.42 a.m.
A No. 1..... Daily Except Sunday	D No. 1..... Daily Except Sunday
Sunday.....	Sunday.....
Arrive from Peoria	Arrive from Evansville
A No. 41 Pass. 11.12 a.m.	A No. 41 Pass. 11.12 a.m.
D No. 41 Pass. 11.12 a.m.	D No. 41 Pass. 11.12 a.m.
D No. 41 Pass. 11.12 a.m.	D No. 41 Pass. 11.12 a.m.
D No. 41 Pass. 11.12 a.m.	D No. 41 Pass. 11.12 a.m.

Indiana, Decatur & Western R. Co.

FROM ST. LOUIS	TO ST. LOUIS
No. 5 Pass* 4.05 a.m.	No. 2 Pass* 6.00 a.m.
" 1 Pass* 12.35 p.m.	" 3 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
" 7 Pass* 4.05 a.m.	" 4 Pass* 6.00 p.m.
*Daily, except Sunday.	

Vandalia Line.

FROM ST. LOUIS	TO ST. LOUIS
No. 20, arrives from Peoria	No. 21, arrives from Peoria
No. 6, " " Terre Haute	No. 7, " " Terre Haute
No. 21, " " Terre Haute	No. 22, " " Terre Haute
No. 22, leaves for Terre Haute	No. 23, leaves for Terre Haute
No. 7, " " Peoria	No. 6, " " Peoria
No. 21, " " Peoria	No. 22, " " Peoria

WANTED: Paper Hanging. W. experienced man prepared to give attention to all orders for Paper Hanging from all parts of the country. Reasonable and

TIRE!

Winter display in
the right goods at

st.

serviceable, \$4.98

6.98

8.98

6.75

ts.

bonnettes and tufted

ata silk lined, novelty

12.50, \$15.00 and \$16.50

material, plain, colors

and \$10.00.



Departments.

ME TABLES.

May 30, 1896.

sh in

No. 11 Pass. 8:00 a.m.

No. 12 Pass. 8:15 a.m.

No. 13 Pass. 8:30 a.m.

No. 14 Pass. 8:45 a.m.

No. 15 Pass. 9:00 a.m.

No. 16 Pass. 9:15 a.m.

No. 17 Pass. 9:30 a.m.

No. 18 Pass. 9:45 a.m.

No. 19 Pass. 10:00 a.m.

No. 20 Pass. 10:15 a.m.

No. 21 Pass. 10:30 a.m.

No. 22 Pass. 10:45 a.m.

No. 23 Pass. 11:00 a.m.

No. 24 Pass. 11:15 a.m.

No. 25 Pass. 11:30 a.m.

No. 26 Pass. 11:45 a.m.

No. 27 Pass. 12:00 p.m.

No. 28 Pass. 12:15 p.m.

No. 29 Pass. 12:30 p.m.

No. 30 Pass. 12:45 p.m.

No. 31 Pass. 1:00 p.m.

No. 32 Pass. 1:15 p.m.

No. 33 Pass. 1:30 p.m.

No. 34 Pass. 1:45 p.m.

No. 35 Pass. 2:00 p.m.

No. 36 Pass. 2:15 p.m.

No. 37 Pass. 2:30 p.m.

No. 38 Pass. 2:45 p.m.

No. 39 Pass. 3:00 p.m.

No. 40 Pass. 3:15 p.m.

No. 41 Pass. 3:30 p.m.

No. 42 Pass. 3:45 p.m.

No. 43 Pass. 4:00 p.m.

No. 44 Pass. 4:15 p.m.

ARCADE!

Money Saving Sale!

New York Concord Grapes.....	10c basket
Bright Red Cape Cod Cranberries.....	5c qt
20 lbs. fine Granulated Sugar.....	\$1.00
100 lbs. fine Granulated Sugar.....	4.65
1000 lbs. to 10,000 lbs., per hundred.....	4.55
Dark black Ground Pepper, regular price, 40c lb.....	
Special Price.....	19c lb
Arade No. 1 Flour, Best Winter Wheat Flour, 50 lb.....	\$1.00
10 bars Fairbanks' Standard Soap.....	25c
Griswold's AAAA Coffee.....	18c pkg
2c Premium Baking Chocolate.....	15c

UNDERWEAR.

Ladies' "Oneita" Fleece Union Suits, the \$1.00 kind, Our price.....	69c suit
Ladies' Half Wool Union Suits, "Oneita" make, the \$2.00 kind.....	\$1.25 suit
children's Fleece Union Suits, silver grey, the 50c kind.....	39c suit
children's Merino Underwear, well made, according to size.....	5c, 8c, 12c
Ladies' Fleece Ribbed Underwear, silk taped, pearl buttons.....	25c
Men's Heavy Fleece Underwear, well made, full sizes.....	50c
Men's Merino Underwear.....	25c
Ladies' Fleece or Plain Hose.....	10c pair
Ladies' very heavy Silk or Fleece Hose, double heels and toe.....	25c pair
children's Ribbed, Fleece or Plain Hose, all sizes.....	10c pair
Boys' Extra Heavy Bicycle Hose.....	15c pair

DRESS GOODS SPECIAL.

Half Wool Dress Goods, solid colors—brown, grey, red and black, special.....	5c yd
All Wool Novelty Dress Goods, double fold, neat patterns, were 48c yard, this sale.....	27c

LININGS EXTRA SPECIAL—	
64-in. Fibre Interlining, sells right here in Decatur at 35c yard, this sale.....	35c yd
Best Skirt Lining.....	35c yd

SHOE DEPARTMENT.

Men's Work Shoes, lace or congress.....	90c
Boys' Rubber Shoes, 12, 13 and 2.....	59c
Boys' Lace Shoes, 1, 2, 3, 4.....	74c
Ladies' Heavy Calf Button Shoes.....	69c

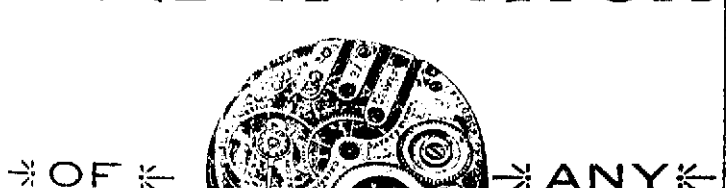
MEAT DEPARTMENT.

Beefsteak, Pork Bacon.....	3 1/2c lb
Fresh Pork Sausage, our own make.....	8c lb

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Men's Scotch Cheviot Suits, were \$8.00, now.....	\$4.98
Children's Suits, ages 4 to 12 years, were \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$2.00, about 50 in the lot, choice.....	89c suit

COUNTY ORDERS Taken Same as Cash. For the benefit of the unfortunate poor and the taxpayer, county orders given to the poor will be taken by us. Ask Mr. McFadden, overseer of the poor, to draw your order on the Arcade, where a dollar will purchase more than you formerly got for \$1.25.

DO YOU
NEED A WATCH

* OF * ANY *

Kind or Price?

SEE
W. R. Abbott & Co.,
WATCH DEALERS.COMBINATION
SUITSfor LADIES
and CHILDREN.

My New Goods are in and ready for inspection. Can give you some great values.

H. C. Anthony
DECATUR, ILL.

PEOPLE PAY THE BILL

Altgeld's Plan of Sending
Out His Political
Documents.

ENCLOSED WITH OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Which Said Papers Are Simply De-
coy Ducks, and Only for the
Purpose of Covering UpThe List of the State Treas-
ury of Four or Five Thousand
Dollars or More.How Much More Will Probably
Never Come to Light.

John P. Altgeld, governor of the state of Illinois and candidate for reelection to the same position, poses as the great friend of silver and denounces every person who favors the present standard of United States money as a "goldbug," whose course is a menace and hardship to the workman. Hence it was a great humiliation to the gentleman and a direct refutation of his professions when the republican state committee issued fac-simile copies of the letters of the United building in Chicago, of which he is president and principal owner, showing that all his tenants are required to pay their rent "in gold or its equivalent." He has made what he calls an explanation which, in brief, is that the interest on the United bonds being payable in gold it was necessary for him to collect his rents in gold. His manner of circulating this so-called defense is reprehensible as the defense itself. Instead of sending it out at his own expense he is doing it at the expense of the taxpayers of Illinois.

The work of sending out those political documents seems to be delegated largely to the state board of charities, which has issued various circulars ostensibly in the interest of state affairs, but in every one of which is folded the political document headed "Those Gold Leases," containing in the body Altgeld's excuse and explanation.

The whole scheme bears the impress of insinuating Altgeldism. The documents are addressed to "sheriffs, county judges, and to the public," which, of course, takes in everybody and entitles them to be sent to every voter. And one of those public documents is not enough. The writer has seen two, and there may be more. One calls attention in demagogic, sympathetic terms to the ill that insane patients are subjected to and asks all officials to be more humane in future and all good citizens to aid them. This is signed by the members of the state board of charities. Sent broadcast over the country, every one likewise contains Altgeld's political document, and the state foots the bill. One which was received in this office contains the following additional circular:

"Board of State Commissioners of Public Charities, Springfield, Ill., Sept. 15, 1896.—Dear Sir: I am instructed by our board to ask your assistance in work we want to accomplish. It is a matter of interest to the public and the citizens of your county. I inclose a circular which we would very much like to have you publish, and if you feel that you can make favorable editorial comment, it will be greatly appreciated by the board. Very truly yours,
"GEORGE F. MINER, Secretary."

On first reading, the inclination was to believe that the circular mentioned was the one referring to humane treatment of insane, but the request to make "favorable editorial comment if possible" changed the opinion first formed and leads to the conclusion that the managers of the scheme meant the Altgeld political circular, and under garb of state official business asked aid in getting the candidate out of his difficulty. Of course they knew that some of those documents would fall into the hands of republicans but they aimed to make their act appear virtuous by the very boldness with which they played it.

The other official circular is an invitation to the one who receives it to come to Springfield November 18 and 19—after the election of course—"and participate in a state conference of charities and corrections; and to this conference all persons who have charge of or interest in the indigent or unfortunate are eligible, hence receive invitations. And in every one of the invitations is folded the Altgeld political circular.

For impudent boldness this procedure "takes the cake." How many are sent out, of course, only those engineering the robbery of the taxpayers know. The so-called official circulars are nothing but excuses by which to send out Altgeld's electioneering documents at the expense of the people. Of course not less than 100,000 of each is sent out from Springfield; more probably a half million would be the nearer correct; for once in the enterprise there would be no stopping as long as address of persons, papers or institutions are known to send to. But if there are only 200,000 of both the postage alone would be the sum of \$2,000, to say nothing of the printing, the paper and envelopes, which will amount to as much more. Here, then, is nearly \$5,000 that this lover of the dear people piles up on the burdened backs of the taxpayers to carry on his campaign. He dissimulates to the people as to his position on public questions and when his deception is exposed to the broad light of day, he issues a misleading explanation and saddles the expense of circulating the document upon the taxpayers of the state. But then this is Altgeldism, pure and simple.

SILVER IN A NUTSHELL.

Free Coinage of Bricks Would Not Raise Their Prices.

Did you ever stop to think what would be the result if the government should by legislation determine that ordinary building bricks two by four by eight inches in size should be legal tender in any amount for one dollar each and should arrange to have them so stamped in any quantity free of cost to the persons presenting them?

Under such circumstances the price of building bricks would at once advance to \$1,000 a thousand, for if they could be "coined" without cost the bricks "uncoined" would be worth just as much as the "coined" bricks—one dollar each. But did it ever occur to you that it would not be an advance in the value of the bricks, but a decrease in the value of the dollars, which would thus establish a new "parity" between money and property; that under such a system \$1,000 would be worth only 1,000 bricks; that that 1,000 bricks would exchange for no more commodities or labor than it does today, and consequently that \$1,000 would mean no more to us than 1,000 bricks do now?

In other words, our government can determine by legislation what commodity and what amount of that commodity one dollar shall be, but it must leave it to the laws of comparative supply and demand, cost of production, etc., to determine what the value of that commodity shall be. It may declare that a brick shall be a dollar, in which case one dollar will be worth whatever a brick will exchange for. It may declare that 25.5 grains of gold shall be a dollar, in which case one dollar will be worth whatever 25.5 grains of gold will exchange for, or it may declare that 412 1/2 grains of silver shall be a dollar, in which case one dollar will be worth only what 412 1/2 grains of silver will exchange for, the same to-day as 50 cts. in gold, or, "giving the debtor the option" as to what dollar he shall use with which to pay his debts, it may declare that each of these three shall be a dollar, in which case one dollar will be worth just as much as the least valuable of the three, which under present conditions would be the brick.—L. Carroll Root.

Easy Lessons About Money.
At first all money was weighed in scales. The first money made in the Bible was in silver. "And Abraham weighed to Ephron 400 shekels of silver, current money with the merchant." A shekel was half an ounce.

It was not easy to carry round a pair of scales and weigh out metal each time there was a trade. So coins were made. A shekel or some weight of silver or of gold was weighed out, melted together and stamped with a die showing its weight. Now money could be counted instead of weighed out. This made trading much easier.

Anything that makes trading easier betters trade.
Silver was first in general use for coins. But as people became better off and had larger trades to make silver was too weighty. So gold came into use. As nations have become better off they have come to use gold more than silver. The great trading nations now use the gold standard and only the poorer nations the silver standard for their money systems.—N. Y. World.

Why Does Not Mr. Bryan Answer?

Mr. Bryan tells the farmers that free coinage of silver will give them cheap dollars with which to pay their debts. Mr. Bryan tells city workmen that free coinage of silver will raise the metal to \$1.29 per ounce, bringing the silver dollar to par with the gold dollar, thus giving city workmen another dollar as good as the present one with which to buy the farmers' products.

That is to say, to the farmer the Bryan silver dollar is to be a cheap dollar to pay debts with. To city labor the Bryan dollar is to be a dollar of high purchasing power to buy with.

Free coinage of silver cannot produce these two dollars. It can produce only one of the two. Why do not would-be supporters of Mr. Bryan ask him which dollar he really means? Both the farmer, who wants to pay debts, and the workman, who must buy farm produce, are interested in having this question answered.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Sam Jones Makes It Clear.
"Suppose," says Rev. Sam Jones, of Georgia, "the government owned all the grist mills in this country and congress should enact a law that all corn should be ground by the government mills free, and that while corn was worth 15 cents a bushel the government would stamp the shells of meal so that it would bring 50 cents a bushel and do this for nothing? It is a very hard matter to keep meal above the price of corn."

Dr. L. Kittinger, a leading physician of Wilmington, Del., asked the proprietor of Brazilian Balm to send him a dollar bottle. A few weeks afterwards the doctor said: "I had a couple of cases of old Cough on hand that completely baffled me. I had got to the end of my string. But the Balm made a prompt cure in both cases. It is a remarkable remedy."

For sale by Armstrong Bros., Druggists.

HUYLER'S
Chocolates and Bonbons.
LOWNEY'S
CHOCOLATE BONBONS,
The Largest Assortment
in the City, at
HARRY SNARR'S,
142 Merchant Street.

Ice Cream & Soda all Winter

Dr. T. S. Hoskins, Dentist, Opera
House Block, ground floor.
Jan 24-dkwit

Savings Bank Store

ORIGINATORS OF LOW PRICES
AT DECATUR.

Always Selling GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

This is the only store in the city to save money on all Dry Goods, Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Jackets and Millinery. A DOLLAR SAVED IS MORE THAN TWO MADE.

SPECIAL SALE

—IN—

Ladies' Jackets.

25 Ladies' Jackets, medium weight, to be closed out this week, Price \$12..... \$2.50

15 Ladies' Jackets, light colors, Price \$8.00, to be closed out at..... \$2.00

25 Ladies' fine heavy Beaver Jackets, large sleeve, latest style, price \$8.00, to be closed out at..... \$3.98

LADIES' CLOTH AND PLUSH CAPES.

21 Ladies' fine Cloth Capes, double collar, braided trimming, price \$4.00, this week..... \$2.75

15 Ladies' heavy Beaver Capes, price \$6.00, this week at..... \$4.35

12 Ladies' Plush Capes, fancy trimming, high storm collar, price \$4.00, this week at..... \$4.98

MILLINERY.

Our Millinery Department is now complete. We have one of the finest milliners from Chicago and we are not short of styles, quality or quantity. We are only short on Mr. High Price, as we will sell you a hat that costs elsewhere \$8.00 for..... \$4.50

10 Ladies' Trimmed Hats 90c each at.....

24 Ladies' fine Trimmed Hats worth \$5.00 at..... \$1.40

20 Ladies' fine Trimmed Hats worth \$4.00 at..... 2.20

15 Ladies' fine Trimmed Hats worth \$5.00 at..... 2.50

Fine black Quills, worth 3c each 15c, at.....

Fine Quills, in black and all colors, worth 15c, at..... 5c each

Birds, Pigs, Acrobats, Pompons, Volcans, Etc., at Less than One Half the Price elsewhere.

Big Bargains in Every Department.

OUR MOTTO: "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

MONEY REFUNDED IF GOODS ARE NOT SATISFACTORY.

Yours to Please,

L. SILVERMAN,

Corner North Park and Water Streets, Decatur, Ill.

J. B. Bullard,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

SYNDICATE BLOCK, NORTH MAIN ST.

Where everything pertaining to the funeral business is furnished and attended to in the highest style of art. Calls day or night will receive prompt attention. In connection a receiving vault located 282 West William street. Residence Telephone 128. Office, 128.

BARGAIN WEEK

AT LEONARD'S NEW Department Store.

Just received a Job Lot of 500 Blankets which we are selling at Half Price. This is a Great Bargain. Don't fail to supply yourself while the lot lasts.

We have several lots of Ladies' Gents and Children's Undewear and Hosiery to be closed out at Half Price.

During this Sale we have many Bargains to offer in every department. REMEMBER THE PLACE, 338 N. WATER ST. New Telephone 218.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Friday Evening, Oct. 9.

Lincoln
J. Carter's
Grand
Scenic
Production,
THE
FAST
MAIL

10 Sets of Special
Scenery. Flight of
the Fast Mail. Ni-
agara Falls by Flood-
light, with Boiling
Flat. Practical
Working Engine and
14 Freight Cars
with Illuminated
Caboose. The Dago
Dive. Realistic
River Scene and
Steamboat Explo-
sion, and Other
Startling Effects.

—PRICES—25c, 50c, and 75c.
The sale of seats will open on Wednesday morning at the Opera House Drug Store.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of an execution to me directed delivered by the clerk of the circuit court of Macon county, Illinois, in favor of J. L. Ferguson and against Charles Northland, I have levied upon the following described property, to-wit: Commencing at the center of the northwest quarter of section 16, township 16, north range 2 east of third P. M., thence north a chain and 20 links, thence east 9 chains and 10 links to the corner of said section 16, thence south 6 chains and 10 links, thence west to a stake and 4 links to the place of beginning, containing 6 1/2 ac. more or less, being known as lot 4 of the northeast quarter of said section, taken as the property of the said Charles Northland, which I shall offer at public sale at north door of the court house in Decatur, in Macon county in said state, on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1896, at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day, for cash in hand to satisfy said execution.

Witness my hand and seal of office, A. D. 1896, the 5th day of October, A. D. 1896.
J. P. NICHOLSON,
Oct. 5th day Sheriff Macon Co., Ill.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

In the County Court, Macon County, Illinois. In the matter of the estate of John H. McElcherry and Theodore O. Loveland, co-partners, doing business under the firm name and style of McElcherry & Loveland, insolvent debtors. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed assignee of McElcherry & Loveland, and all persons holding any claims or claims against said McElcherry & Loveland are hereby notified to present the same to him, under oath of affirmation whether said claims are due or not. All persons indebted to said assignee are requested to make prompt payment of the same.

Dated this 29th day of September, A. D. 1896.
J. L. BAKER, Assignee.
sep 8-dw

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

Wednesday, October 7.

MERRITT & DAVIS'
RAPID TRANSIT COMEDY.

McSORLEY'S
TWIN.

A Triumph of Mirth and Merriment!
—INTRODUCING—
FERGUSON & EMERICK,
The Irish Politicians,
—AND A—
Colony of Comedy Neighbors.
LAUGH WITH THE LEADERS!

—PRICES—25c, 50c AND 75c.—

ROOKWOOD POTTERY.

Fancy Pieces in Wedgewood.

FINE DELFT CHINA.

A Fine New Assortment of Rich Cut Glass.

A Beautiful Line of Fancy Pieces in French China.

All of these goods at prices to suit the times. See our front window.

Otto E. Curtis & Bro.,
156 EAST MAIN STREET.



**CARPET
RUGS
OIL
CLOTH.**

must be told in the public interest, and the truth about carpets is that our stock of floor coverings generally is a veritable fairland of new, pleasing, and attractive novelties. The floor is too much in evidence to be dismissed without thought, too much under foot for the quality of its covering to be disregarded. Study comfort, convenience and economy by looking over our candidates for the floor. The election will be ours beyond question.

900 yd. lot of Oil Cloths, 18 to 25c.
1,600 yd. lot of Linoleums, 37c.

Specials Every Day Until Closed.

ABEL CARPET WALL-PAPER CO.

Jackets and Capes.

SPECIAL VALUES THIS WEEK.



Cloak Making and Repairing.

We make to order any special size of Cape or Jacket. We re-line Fur Capes and Muffs and make Cloaks over into Capes.

WINTER DRY GOODS.

Cotton Flannel, per yard..... 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c
Ladies Ribbed Fleece Shirts and Drawers, each..... 25c
Ladies' All Wool Vests and Pants, each..... 75c and \$1.00
Children's Ribbed Underwear, per garment..... 25c
Ladies' Cashmere Wool Hose, per pair..... 25c
Ladies' Best Calico Wrappers, each..... 98c
Grey Blankets, per pair..... 75c and \$1.00
Good All Wool Blankets, per pair..... \$2.50
Bed Comforts, each..... 98c

Chas. T. Johnston,
151 NORTH WATER STREET.

YOUR TOOTH BRUSH

was not a good one perhaps; bristles came out and it was gone in a few days. Try our special 25c brush, it is fine. We have brushes cheaper and some higher in price.

KING'S DRUG STORE,
Cor. Main and Water Sts.

LOCAL NEWS.

Denz, Tailor, 117 North Water St.
You pay a little more for Sleeth's portraits but—

A trial will convince you that Irwin's tasteless chill cure is the best.
Headache cured in fifteen minutes with Irwin's harmless headache powder.

Irwin's toilet cream is an excellent preparation for chapped hands.
Chisholm & Co., today received their fifth car of New York grapes.

Go to Henry's bakery for all kinds of bread, cakes, pies, etc. June 23-dtf
Sleeth is the only photographer in the city who guarantees satisfaction.

Dr. L. E. Coonradt, Dentist, rooms 43 and 13 Fenton block. aug31-dtf
The old reliable K & W cigars are made by John Wolgast. Moh 25-dtf.

Smoke the famous Leda, a fine 10 cent, made by John Wolgast. Moh 25-dtf.
Just before going to bed out a Cascarot candy cathartic. Makes you feel fine in the morning.

What's the matter with you? Constipated? Cascarots will cure. Eat them like candy.
West's Drug Store this week sells Palmer's Frangipanni perfume at 60c an ounce.

Fine line of best Perfumes at lowest prices at West's Drug Store. Palmer's Frangipanni at 60c an ounce this week.

Mama calls a Cascarot, baby gets the benefit. Cascarots make mother's milk mildly purgative.

See our cheap shoes for men.
Philpott's, 229 N. Water St. Oct5-dtf
Palmer's celebrated perfume, Frangipanni sells everywhere at \$1.00 an ounce at West's Drug Store this week 60c an ounce.

New shoes for Fall a rising daily.
Philpott's, 229 N. Water St. Oct 5 dtf
F. L. Stevenson, Assignee.

Bread.
Wishing to give all parties an opportunity to try our bread, we have reduced the price for thirty days to two loaves for 5 cents or ten loaves for 25 cents. This bread is for sale at all grocery stores which handle bread. The loaves are full weight, 6 ounces every time—net 13 or 13 ounces. Ask your grocer for the Blue Label and have no other if you want our bread. Devanure Cracker Co.—J-430

In most all cities there is an ordinance that regulates the weight for a loaf of bread. Here in Decatur each baker has his own weight and it varies from 11 to 16 ounces to the loaf, but all sold at the same price.—5-dtf

A present with every pair of school shoes at Philpott's, 229 N. Water St. Oct 5 dtf
F. L. Stevenson, Assignee.

Dedication of Flags.
The German Aid society will dedicate their new flag on Wednesday, Oct. 7, at the Turner hall. There will be a concert and ball by the members and their invited guests. The society will be assisted by Goodman's band orchestra and St. James church choir. Hon. Charles A. Ewing will deliver an address. Exercises commence at 7:45 p. m. Admission 25 cents. Dance 50 cents extra.—4-dtf

300 pairs of Ladies' Shoes, former price \$2.50 to \$3.50, at \$1.75, at Philpott's, 229 N. Water. Oct. 5 dtf

For Rent.
A large, comfortable and conveniently arranged house of ten rooms, and equipped with all modern requirements, located three blocks south of St. Nicholas hotel. Apply to C. M. Imboden.—2-dtf

Will save you money on School Shoes at 229 North Water street.
Philpott's, 229 N. Water. Oct. 5 dtf
F. L. Stevenson, Assignee.

Charles Baker, near Waynesville, picked twenty-one bushels of good apples from one tree in his orchard.

The Ideal Panacea.
James L. Francis, Alderman, Chicago, says: "I regard Dr. King's New Discovery as an Ideal Panacea for Coughs, Colds and Lung Complaints, having used it in my family for the last five years, to the exclusion of physician's prescriptions or other preparations."

Rev. John Burgess, Keokuk, Iowa, writes: "I have been a Minister of the Methodist Episcopal church for 50 years or more, and have never found anything so beneficial, or that gave me such speedy relief as Dr. King's New Discovery." Try this Ideal Cough Remedy now. At West's drug store.

A MAN OF NERVE.

Joe Myers, on Trial for Hackman's Murder, Shows Wonderful Self Control.

HE IS JUST AS COOL AS EVER

And Does Not Seem to be Frightened in the Least—Witness Swears He Saw Myers Buy the Watch— Arguments are Begun.

It is seldom that a man who is on trial for his life showed the wonderful coolness and self control as is exhibited by Joe Myers, whose trial for the murder of August Hackman is now drawing to a close. Mr. Mills opened the argument this morning and throughout his address Myers did not show the least nervousness. Myers listened attentively to everything that was said and hardly took his eyes from the speaker but yet did not show the least anxiety. When Mr. Mills stood very near the prisoner and cried in savage tones that he was guilty Myers never flinched. Once when Mr. Mills spoke of what an easy victim Hackman was a smile played on Myers' face but outside of this there was not a change of expression. The defense introduced some rather sensational evidence this morning when they put Ed Thayer on the stand to testify that he saw Myers buy the watch from Gigham. It is not likely that the case will go to the jury before tomorrow. Mr. Mills spoke for two hours this morning and continued his remarks again this afternoon. The court room was crowded all day.

Closing Evidence.
The evidence in the case closed this morning. The attorneys for the defense introduced a witness who created some what of a sensation. It was Ed Thayer. When put on the stand he testified that he had seen Gigham offer the watch for sale and saw Myers buy the watch from him. He was cross examined very closely and his testimony was slightly shaken.

The prosecution then introduced Sheriff Nicholson, Sam Holmes, Stewart, Freeman Martin, Abbott and George Hosack, who were put on the stand. The testimony was principally to show that it snowed and stormed on the day that the Gigham building burned. After the evidence was all in Judge Vall has decided the prosecution might begin their arguments. He asked that the spectators in the court room keep perfectly quiet and not show any demonstration one way or the other as the case was to be tried by the jury and any sentiment shown on the part of the crowd might tend to influence them in their judgment. He said that if it was necessary the court room would be cleared but that he did not want to go to any such extremes and begged that the people comply with his wishes.

The Arguments.
Shortly before 10:30 o'clock State's Attorney Mills began his argument. He said that he considered the case was the most important that ever occurred in the county. We have had murder cases in the county but never one like this. There have been occasions where men have killed others because they were crazed by jealousy or become depraved by the use of liquors. There have been others who have paid the penalty of their crime. But there has never been a case where a quiet young man was enticed to the woods and killed for a paltry sum of money and a watch. Now that the evidence is closed the responsibility is shifting from the state attorney and officers to twelve citizens of the county. The question for the jury to decide is whether or not this man was murdered by Joe Myers. Mr. Mills said: It now becomes my duty to explain these facts which have been brought before you so that you may better understand them. It is not denied that the body found in the woods covered with leaves is that of August Hackman. In discussions of this kind before a jury it is well to see what facts are beyond question and can be used as a foundation. I shall assume that Hackman left his home last February to get work on the railroad, came to this city and stopped at the Athey hotel and stayed about two weeks. He left the hotel and never returned. There is no disputing these facts nor that Hackman was a good and honest man. No one has said anything against his character. He was simple in his habits and was an easy victim for a schemer to take his life. The defendant is a man who has led a double life. He is a young man 26 years of age. He left his wife and child in Pennsylvania two years ago and came here and passed himself off as a single man. In the country he appeared to be a good man but when he is followed to the city we find who his associates are, the life he leads. An innocent man or one that has never been tried for crime could not come into the court room and go through the ordeal as he has done. His character is that of a man of steel, one who would kill a fellow man without flinching and continue his daily life the same as before. Mr. Mills said that there was no question but that the watch was August Hackman's and there could be no doubt but that the man who pawned it killed Hackman. The receipts show that the watch was pawned Wednesday, March 4.

Myers admits that he had it on the afternoon of Tuesday, March 8. On Monday the second of March, Hackman was at the hotel in company with Warren and Myers. Hackman and Myers left for the country on Tuesday morning. The former never returned and when Myers came back he said Hackman had found employment. On the very same day Myers had Hackman's watch and money and he revealed in debauchery. These were facts. The man who killed Hackman not only had a motive but an opportunity. The murdered man had money. Hackman confided in Myers and had no fear of him. Mr. Mills then pointed out how Myers must have known that Hackman had money and rehearsed the evidence showing Myers had money on the night of the third of March. Mr. Mills said that there had never been more earnest work in the history of the county than there had been in ferreting out this crime. The work was not directed toward any one person until Myers was suspected. Attorney Mills followed the story of the case and told how the facts had been hunted out by the officers. He told how Myers had said he bought the watch from Gigham and how the officers were put on the man's track and found that Myers' statements about his last tramp to the country were false. He told how Myers tried to buy the murder on Gigham and said that this crime was worse than the murder. Myers says now he thinks he got the watch from Gigham and he has changed all his other stories about his doings after the murder. Mr. Mills had not finished at noon and court adjourned until 1:30 o'clock.

Will Hold a Night Session.
This afternoon Attorney Redmon began the argument for the defense. He went on the theory that the story Gigham told was not true and that Myers did buy the watch from him. He also endeavored to show the jury the hammer story was not true. At 3 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Redmon was still talking.

Judge Vall has decided that each side shall have four hours for their arguments. Court will keep in session until 6 o'clock and will meet again after supper so that the case can go to the jury tonight.

POLITICAL MEETINGS.

Republican rallies to be held in Decatur and vicinity.

Below are the official dates of Republican meetings to be held in the near future:

Night Meetings.
At Boody, Oct. 6—Hon. W. G. Cochran, At Macon, Oct. 6—J. M. C. Cochran, At Casner, Oct. 7—J. H. C. Cochran, At E. S. McDonald.

At La Place, Oct. 7—W. F. Calhoun, At Blue Mound, Oct. 9—Captain J. M. Taylor and James Abrams, At Orem, Oct. 9—Hon. W. G. Cochran.

At Macon, Oct. 10—Hon. W. G. Cochran and John Fitzgerald, At Long Creek, Oct. 10—T. M. Holbert and George W. Soland.

Blue Mound, Oct. 14—Major Connolly, Warrensburg, Oct. 14—Major Connolly, Macon, Oct. 15—Major Connolly, Macon, Oct. 16—Major Connolly.

At Macon, Oct. 15—W. F. Calhoun, At Harriestown, Oct. 15—A. H. Mills, W. N. Andrews.

At Nanticoke, Oct. 16—W. F. Calhoun, At Bearside, Oct. 16—W. F. Calhoun, At Mt. Zion, Oct. 16—A. McIntosh.

At Casner, Oct. 14—A. J. Park, W. H. Black, At Forsyth, Oct. 16—James O'Meara, E. S. McDonald.

At Nanticoke, Oct. 17—Major Connolly, At Blue Mound, Oct. 20—A. H. Mills, G. W. Smith.

At Elwin, Oct. 15, afternoon, 2 o'clock—Major Connolly, At Boody, Oct. 13 Major Connolly.

Meeting will be called to order at 2 o'clock. Afternoon and Night.
At Decatur, Oct. 8 Gen. Daniel E. Sickles and party.

"The Fast Mail" Coming.
A complete freight train of fourteen cars, illuminated caboose and practical working engine, a magnificent scene of Niagara Falls by moonlight, with real mist, as seen from suspension bridge. The light of the Fast Mail which crosses the stage at the rate of seventy miles an hour and a realistic steamboat race and explosion on the Mississippi, are among the most novel scenes and mechanical effects shown in Lincoln J. Carter's scenic production, "The Fast Mail," which appears at the Powers Grand next Friday evening.

Ladies Take Particular Notice.
Madam D. V. Whipple, expert art embroidery teacher, Chicago, will give a display in our store, Oct. 12, 13 and 14th. All ladies interested are cordially invited to attend. Remember Oct. 12, 13 and 14th.

Robert Hasty, of Lilly, is laid up with a severely bruised leg, caused by a pole falling on it.

The Oak Grove school road is to be graveled at township expense.

BIG RALLY DAY.

Great Republican Gathering, to be held at Decatur on October 8.

ALL DAY MEETING—THE EVENING

Union Veterans Ready for Speeches

at Court Duty—Clubs to Participate

Night Speaking at

Park and at Two

Halls

Next Thursday, October 8, a great Republican rally in Decatur, speaking of the afternoon at 2 o'clock, torchlight demonstration in which a visiting club will participate.

Afternoon at Oakland Park
Addresses during the afternoon will be delivered by
RON. J. G. CANNON, a Democrat,
RON. C. J. LINDLEY, a Democrat,
GEN. E. B. HAMILTON, of Quincy,
JON. E. H. YATES, of a large village.

Demonstration at Night
There will be speaking at the park house and at the taverns by torchlight, open to accommodate the people following the torchlight parade.

Notable Military Aspects
At 5:15 p. m. October 8, the heroes of the late war, General Daniel Sickles, of New York, General Lucius A. Howard, of New York, General George Sigel, of New York, General Henry Stewart, of Pennsylvania, General James G. Thompson, of Illinois, and Captain John R. Tamm, of Missouri, will be present.

Several of the veteran generals will give speeches at the hall for the Republican and state tickets.

All Union Veterans, Attention
The Union Veterans Republican club will rendezvous in the center of the ground floor of the court house on Thursday evening, Oct. 8, at 7 o'clock sharp to act as escort to General Sickles and party. All veterans who served in the line in the army are earnestly requested to meet with the club and assist in honoring our distinguished comrades who will visit Decatur on that occasion. Captain George S. Durfee will have charge of the club during the parade. Badges will be provided. Let each comrade carry one. George R. Steele, Pres., Ly M. Holton, Sec.

Republican Meeting at Macon.
At Macon on Saturday night A. B. Mills and J. L. Deek held a meeting. All the surrounding towns were well represented and a very enthusiastic time was had. The torchlight procession was several blocks in length. After the procession had marched through the streets, those who participated in it repaired to the taverns where the meeting was held and which was attended by overflowing. Seats had been arranged south of the taverns and the speakers delivered their addresses from the front door in order that all might hear. Special attention was given to the torchlight speaking. Music was furnished by the Blue Mound mandolin and guitar club and by the Macon glee club which rendered several selections with wonderful note. A song entitled "The Republican Can't Lead Us Any More" was loudly cheered.

Republican Rallyes
All of the Republican rallies held on Friday night were well attended and crowded everywhere with lots of enthusiasm. At Orem a L. Park and J. M. Holbert were the speakers. At Long Creek Alex McIntosh; at Macon, A. B. Mills and J. L. Deek; at Harriestown, John Muddell, of Ohio, at Nanticoke, R. H. Mills.

Tonight there will be a Republican meeting at Boody where W. G. Cochran will speak, and at Macon where W. F. Calhoun will be the speaker.

Women's Republican Club
All members of the Decatur Women's Republican club are requested to meet at Abbott's hall Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock prepared for work. Bring needles, scissors, thread and thimbles. Be of use to committee.

Attention, Decatur Post.
All the members of the Decatur Post No. 141, G. A. R., are requested to meet at Post room Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock sharp to attend the funeral of Hon. J. Flynn. By order of J. N. Martin, commander, Norman Prince.

Dancing.
Prof. Leonard's classes in dancing are in progress. Pupils wishing to enter are requested to meet at his academy, Armory hall, this evening at 7 o'clock. Private lessons at any hour. Mr. Leonard's classes meet every Saturday afternoon at 2:30. Office rooms—411 and 413 People block. Telephone add.

Women Moonshiners in J.
Louisville, Ky., Oct. 6.—A batch of prisoners brought to the station of the county jail for violation of revenue laws are the women moonshiners. They are all heavily handcuffed, and even loaded with chains. They are all moonshiners. They are all moonshiners. They are all moonshiners.

Love Leads to Murder.
Arkans, Mo., Oct. 6.—A young man was arrested here for the murder of John Hambley today. It is said he killed the wife so she could marry him. It is said she has confessed.

Cleveland Leaves Buzzard's Bay, Mass., Oct. 6.—Cleveland left for New Orleans on the yacht Onondaga and children took the Onondaga, Conn.

The Weather.
Chicago, Oct. 6.—Illinois: light and Wednesday; cooler fresh northerly winds.

VOL. XXIV. N

PARIS IN COL

Elaborate Decorations of the Czar and the Czarina.

EMPEROR VIVE LE REP

The Streets of the French Capital with a Living Mass of Humanity and Magnificence Set Bunting.

Paris, Oct. 6. (Copyrighted Press.)—The czar and his family arrived in Paris this morning from Cherbourg. Their majesty's train arrived at the Gare d'Orsay at 10 o'clock and the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris. The train was composed of the most magnificent train ever seen in Paris.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report
Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE